

Harrison Co 1908

Monona Co.

up mountain

50 level, = $\frac{1}{10}$ mile

Croft travels $\frac{1}{3}$ distance
west goes.

5748

12.51

12.46

X
0678
049
3810

12.38-12.43

6404

12.30-12.35

July 31 to Aug. 6 - 1908

Tested abnormals & packed

Aug. 7-

went to Burlington, looked
over field for meteorological
station. (At the edge of town)

For timbered W. side will use
Croft park, - the natural
timbered slopes.

For east side, will use
sandy hills at edge of town, etc.
(S. E. of town)

Aug. 8 - Packed & arranged
etc.

Aug. 9, 1908.

Left Iowa City at 5 AM.
 Stopped at Des Moines, &
 with Mr. J. H. Lees went up
 river on E. side to place
 where excavating of bluffs is
 going on.

Saw:

Wisconsin drift

exposed even
 forms & mud

Forrest zone - no other drift
 Sand stone

Gravel
 (dark, wet)

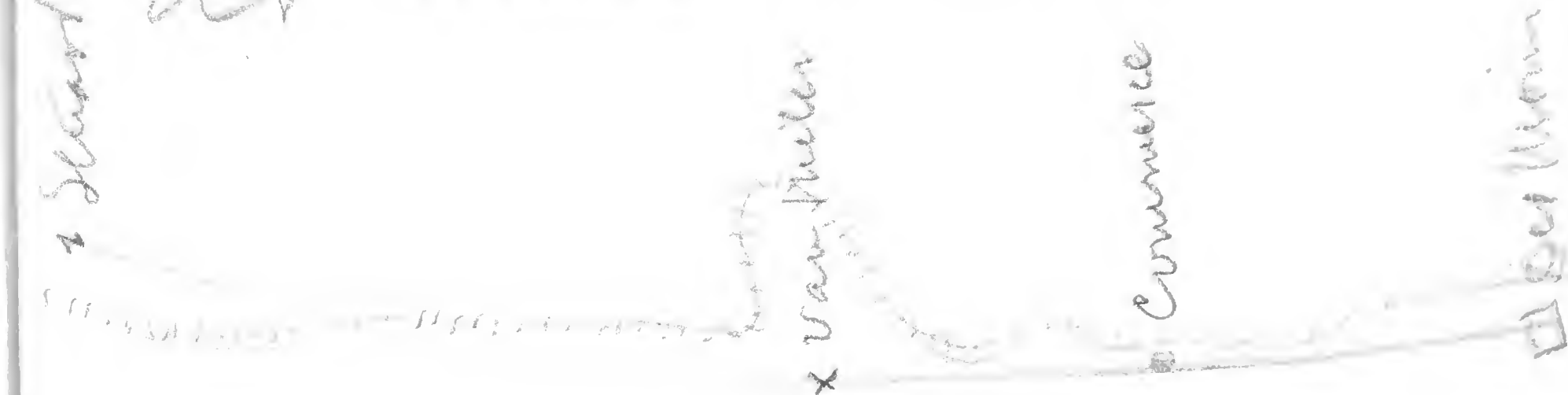
Must return to Iowa City
 was so muddy (rained all
 AM.) that I could do
 nothing.

Left Des Moines at 11:23 AM.

From Des Moines to Van Meter
 the Wisconsin moraine is
 distinct, and just N. of the
 C.R. & P. RR, & of the river.
 At De Soto we ran into
 rough country, - some rock.
 Some distance W. of De Soto
 the moraine crosses track &
 follows south of RR. to Dexter.
 Northward there is a flat
 plain, - Wisconsin.

At Stuart the moraine is
 a little farther south from
 R.R. Flat plain north.

At Menlo much the same.



Just beyond Mendo we
ran into rougher country
& some cuts appear.

At Casey quite rough, -
some timber, & some, mostly
overgrown, cuts.

Between Casey & Adair
there is rough Kansan
topography. Cuts show, but
none or less overgrown.

Big and W. of Adair shows
yellow drift. Another cut

shows drift almost to top.

Rolling Kansan to Atlantic
& thence to C. Bluffs

Reached C. Bluff at 4:15 P.M.,

Left at 4:45 P.M. by C. & W.

for Murren Valley.

The bluffs E. of R.R. show
brown (dead grass) or yellow

surface on W & S. sides
of slopes & ridges, but
protected sides seem to be
quite green.

The bottomlands are nearly
dry -

Reached Murren Valley
at 5:40 P.M. & put up at
the Miller Hotel.

Aug. 10 - (Mon)

Spent early forenoon in
arranging notes and material.

Mr. J. S. Waddles, C. E.
City Engineer of
no valley.

Blair bridge bed rock is
45 to 50 feet below low
water, dips to W. about
5 ft. (in river bed)

Solid limestone, hard gray
wells for city:

Drive wells. 6 wells - 1/2 pipe
60 to 85 ft.

Clogged soon.

Later put in Cork wells
(by hydraulic power) -

80 to 90 ft. - 4 wells

2 pumps - compound duplex

1 - capacity 1,500,000 gals

2 - " 750,000 "

The RR. (filled) are about
90 ft. deep. about rock

Analysis of water; C. & M. O. chemist
Geo. M. Davidson, chemist C. & M. O.
RR. shops.

	Old well	Cork	Water works.	Lake Michigan
These waters contain of solid material grains as follows:	33.68	31.12	26.61	7.78
Thin crystals of: (grains per gallon)				
Carb. of Lime	17.50	16.35	14.54	4.46
" " magnesia	10.17	5.69	9.24	2.20
Sulphate of Lime	Trace	- -	Trace	0.30
A " " magnesia	27.67	3.78	23.78	6.96
Oxide of iron & aluminum	Trace	0.15	Trace	0.02
Silica	1.26	1.31	1.64	0.30
Alkali chlorides	1.30	1.63	0.86	0.22
B alkali sulphates	3.45	1.32	0.33	0.28

A = incrusting solids

B = non "

Pounds incrusting solids per gal. - RR. 4.13
 " " " " (Cork) 3.90
 " " " " (Water works) 3.63
 " " " " (Lake Mich.) 1.04

Comparative Hardness.

of water from:

Long Pine cr., Neb. 3° of hardness
Wells at Des Moines Valley - 25°-35° "
Waterworks " 11° "

Test made at High School
Lab., Des Moines Valley, Ia.

by E. N. Coleman
Supt.

Decem. 1890.

About 20 yrs ago, at
brewery, on Omaha
co. dug for coal.
At foot of bluffs on Des Moines
Valley. Tradition has it
that they passed through
6 feet of good coal (like
Des Moines valley coal).

In afternoon walked out
to ridge above Schneider's
Hollow (beyond city reservoir)
and selected localities for
evaporation, etc., observations.

Took barometric readings, and
checked back on them, - the
difference on the return being
less than 5 ft.

W. side Miller Hotel (about = 8
C. + Des Moines) = 0.

Top of reservoir hill - 195+

I went N. on 5th str., from
hotel, and near top of ridge
followed road N. and west.

In evening met
Kirkwood, who is back on
a visit. Lives at Long
Pine, Neb.

18th Aug. 11-1908. (did nothing -
rained)

Pans. 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

1

2

3

4

Piche

1

2

Cup.

1

2

18

11

12

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

12 Aug. 11, 1908 (Tuesday)

Got up at 4 o'clock, expecting to make evaporation observations. It was raining, and rained all day, so that I could not get out.

Sorted alphabetically, copied old Harmon co. notes, made blanks for observation records, looked up plants, etc., etc.

A busy, indoor, day.

In evening wrote letters, etc.

Aug. 12, 1908 (Wed.)

13

Left at 8:25 A.M. for Logan, as it was raining.

Spent day until 5:30 P.M. at

an auditor's office making maps.

Walked up the C&N.W. track, past Brigham to cemetery.

The cemetery is located N. of town (not far from R.R.) on a ridge which slopes eastward to R.R. right of way. This slope is covered

with a typical prairie flora. Collected most of the plants, but recorded following, some of which are not in Utah, - they were poor and old: (I do not probably have them!).

Verbena stricta	Arnica canescens
Vernonia noveboracensis	Euphorbia
Cassia chamaecrista	corollata
✓ Rhin glabra	✓ <i>Rhus glabra</i> asphylla
Rubia coccinea	✓ <i>Halimolobos</i> <i>gromwell</i>
Lepidoptera coccinea	✓ <i>Monarda</i> <i>alba</i>
Petalostemon coccineus	✓ <i>Verbena</i> <i>hortensis</i>
✓ <i>Asclepias</i> <i>syriaca</i>	✓ <i>Delphinium</i> <i>ajacis</i>
✓ <i>Cannabis</i> <i>sativa</i>	etc. etc.
	(See plants)

along the Boyer, on low bottom
I found some herbs (see sheet)
and the following native trees:

Salix amygdaloides - *Gymnocladia dioica*
" *uniovata* *Ulmus americana*
" *fluminalis* *Salix nigra*

Cottonwood
Green ash
Box Elder

also from sand bar.

On the streets, along roads, etc.
I found the following weeds (see
also specimens of some):

<i>Datura latifolia</i> not com.	<i>Abutilon</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Brassica nigra</i> com.	<i>Xanthium</i> ^{fruit not com.}
<i>Lactuca scariola</i> com.	<i>Melilotus alba</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Panicum crispum</i> com.	<i>Maruta</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> com.	<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> ^{not com.}
" <i>album</i> com.	<i>Trifolium pratense</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Camelina sativa</i> com.	<i>Setaria viridis</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Ambrosia trifida</i> com.	<i>Hedysarum</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Eruca sativa</i> com.	<i>Conium</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> com.	<i>Plantago major</i> ^{not com.}
" <i>(sp.)</i> com.	<i>Amaranthus retrofractus</i> ^{not com.}
" <i>peruvianum</i> com.	" <i>blitoides</i> ^{not com.}
<i>Leptilon canadense</i> com.	<i>Dandelion</i> com.
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> com.	<i>Poa pratensis</i> com.
<i>Lepidium virginicum</i> com.	<i>Polygonum</i> (large) com.

Panicum (smaller) com.
" *capillare* not com.
Trifolium arvense com.
Nepeta cataractae com.
Hordeum jubatum com.
Cenchrus tribuloides not com.
Euphorbia (small) com.
Rumex crispus (not com.)
Salvia (large) (not com.)
Chenopodium (rare)

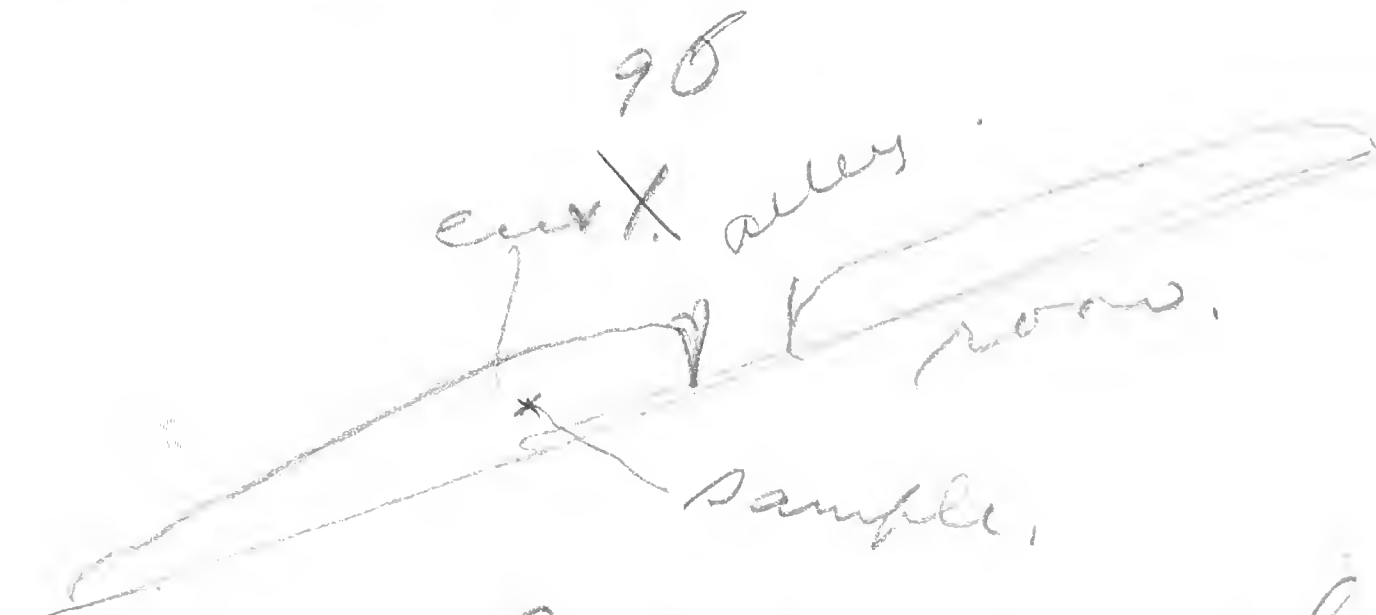
Also noticed the following cultivated
trees on streets & lawns:

Scotch Pine few
Box Elder v. com.
Am. Elm. com.
Green ash. com.
Catalpa frequent
Rough some
Norway Spruce a few
Maple one
Red cedar com.
Soft Maple com.
Plum. by not me
Apple.
Black cherry one.
Hard Maple (few)
Ash v. few.

Later saw
Abutilon in



Going N. from depot, up a good sized hill, about $\frac{1}{2}$ way up, I found cut X,



This shows yellow loess, more or less reddish, loose & soft, with a few nodules, and quite a number of shells (see spec.).

Took a sample at x, where bank is about 7 ft. high, & x is about $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. below surface.

Cut ⁹⁷ 2 is just N.E. of west part of cemetery, on N. of prairie slope, and is a curved bank of irregular height, made by excavation of clay for brick.

(This year they are making cement brick & blocks, & have not burned brick.)

The loess in cut ⁹⁷ 2 is brownish,

soft, friable, with few small
modules, and some fossils (see list).
Took sample 8 ft. below surface
toward S.E. end.

Fossils are mostly from NW. end,
but extend all along.

The land is highest at h, & is
here about 15 ft. high.

Aug, 13 (Thurs.)

19

Went out at 4:30 am. and
set up pans, etc.

I. Evaporating pan no. 1, Piche no. 1,

~~the~~, windmill anemometer and
cup evaporimeter no. 1. are on
the bare slope facing west,
and are about ⁵⁵60 feet

below top of reservoir hill. Or 140 ft. above depot.

This is area 1 in my plant notes,
see p. 31.

II. Evaporating pan 2, Piche 2, and
cup evaporimeter 2, are set up
just over the ridge east, at same
height, in scant timber, but
well sheltered. See p. 31.

The N.W. corner of today's area 1 is
about 2 rods wide. I & II are separated
by "border strip"

This is area 2 in my plant notes.

III. On a point jutting out west, &
lying S.W. of area 1, set up
1 evaporating pan, no. 3. This is
about 170 ft. above depot, & faces
south & west.

IV- Just over the ridge E, and
 in a field which was formerly
 timbered, set up evaporating
 pan no. 4. at same altitude
 as no. 3. (This is the "old 4".
 at next reading I moved this
 to a point at same elevation
 in Trachys orchard (few small
 trees, - very poor in open) (see p.

There was quite a heavy dew in
 the morning,

It should be remembered that
 day before yesterday it rained
 all day, & that yesterday
 morning it was too wet to go
 to the field!

Wind became strong enough to turn
 back anemometer at 9.45 AM,
 but it came in gusts, by fits &
 starts.

Barometer

	1042
	1040
no. 3	1018
	1035
	1032
no. 4	1018
	1030
at 1	1029
	1030
at 1	1030

- ✓ Photo 1- (Spire)
- ✓ " 2- Looking S. at area 1 - see
anemometer
- ✓ " 5- Same
- ✓ " 6- Looking N. from pt. to
anemometer
- ✓ " 7- Same
- ✓ " 8- Looking N.E. on
valley, - on up valley.
- ✓ " 3- Looking N.E. into &
- ✓ " 4- along Helander's Hollow.

Aug. 13.

Wind

- 1- 12³⁸ - 12⁴³ - 3 270 - 500 - NW
- ✓ 2- 12³⁰ - 12³⁵ - 640 ft. "
- 2- 12⁵⁴ - 12⁵⁹ - 428 ft. "
- 1- 10²⁰ - 10²⁵ - 815 ft. "
- 3- 20⁵ - 2¹⁰ - 2036 ft. - from west.
- 4- 15⁵ - 2¹⁰ - 462 ft. - from N.E. down
hollow.

Took air reading with Green's
Psychrometer at each of 4 places.

	dry	wet	at 2 PM.
no. 1 -	83	71	
" 2 -	81	71	
" 3 -	84	71	
" 4 -	83 1/2	71.	
on top of ridge W. of 4 -	85.	71.	

✓ Wind mill at noon.
67.6, 2 miles.

26

at 5 PM, value of wind

no. 2 4.45-4.53 — 190 ft

was very low, of the latter

no. 1 4.54-5.01 — 970 ft.

at 5 PM, but, as the wind is

almost still, the wind is

not blowing very fast.

at 5 PM took Green psychrom.

reading at:

1 - 84 1/2 73

2 - 79 71

3 - 84 1/2 72 1/2

4 - 81 71

Practically no wind.

at 5 PM 81-71

at 7:30 PM Green

1 72 69

2 73 69

3 75 68 - E. wind

4 75 68 - E. wind

27

The day was more or less hazy,
especially afternoon and early
in the morning. There waslittle wind, and that came
mostly by fits, - first from
NW, - then West. ^{Snyder's Hollow} brought some.It died down in latter
part of afternoon, & duringmiddle of P.M. the plants
at the west border of area (2)

were wilted & drooping.

The woods are bending (in
area 2) because no leaf

mudic & few small

plants. (Has this been
pastured recently? - H.C. -

in recent years)

at about 7:45 PM. an

East wind started up, &

effect on psychrometer was
noticeable.

Although not much wind
I could see some clouds
of dust in the Blair
Sandstone Territory.

Found flint chips, pebbles
& fragments of clams
on top of ridge. I

could also make out at
least one mound. (See
next.)

Readings of psychrometer taken
mostly about 1 ft. - or less -
Piche - were about 8 in.
cups - burins to Cook.

Pans on level of surface -
burins.

Pan II was probably a little fuller,
on account of wrong mark, perhaps
40 cc. should be added to reading.
At first reading of cup evap. I
found what appeared to be slight
leak - hence large reading. I stopped
it for next setting.

Aug. 14 - Friday.

Went out at 5:45 am. Was
cloudy, with wind from E., &
at first with occasional raindrops.
at 7:15 commenced rain hard -
got a good soaking on my
way back to hotel. There was no dew.

The specially noteworthy facts
to be taken in connection with
observations are as follows:

Pan 4 was quite exposed to the
damp E. wind, which evidently
blew all night.

Pan 3, though on west side, was
so situated on the S. side of a
projecting ridge that it caught
the wind much stronger than any
other pan.

No 1 Green reading was taken dry,
but it had commenced to
sprinkle before 2, 3, & 4 were taken.
I could not try actual psych. as
it was getting too much like rain.
all observations taken 7 to 1 1/2 feet
above surface (except pans), & cups.

30 and Piche which were less than 1 ft.

On the way up I took following

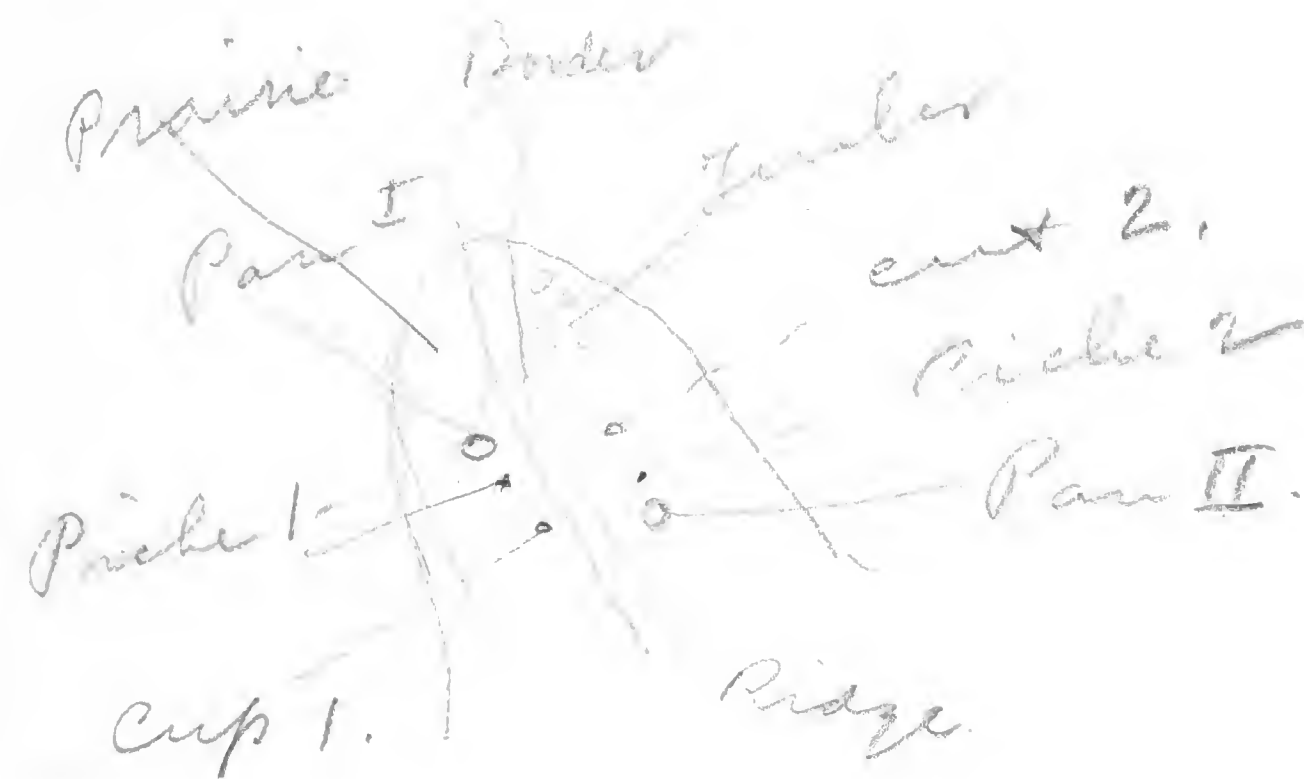
barometer readings:

walk in front of Miller Hotel	0
to north on 5th	12(15)
Street at foot of hill	
Superior st (1st bluff)	55
E. Michigan (2nd ")	90
W. Clair st	175 ¹²⁰
Lincoln (a little S. of street)	190
(about 2 blocks.)	
1 blk. west -	175 ¹⁸⁰
1 " north -	185 ¹⁹⁰
1 " W. west - (top of rise)	195
1 " N. = end of rise.	

I also located instruments:

No. 1 Piche is 7 ft. S of pan I +
on same "cat-step". No. 1.
cup evaporimeter is 10 ft. 10 in
farther S, - the line of
instruments showing a little
to southeast.

No. 2 Piche is 6 ft. 8 in. W. ³¹
of pan II. Cup 2 is 10 ft.
4 in. W. of pan II



It is 20 ft. (around on curve at
level) to W. edge of border.

The border (mixed prairie &
forest) is about 25 ft. wide.

Pan II is back E., 48 ft.

from E. side of border area.

This is all on a level.

Really, the ridge between ^{Pan I &}
II is scarcely elevated above
Pan II, but latter is
"around the corner."

Sunday, Aug. 16.

Rained A.M. Packed plants,
wrote letters, & at 11³⁰ left for
Ormaiztegui. (Shipped parcel of plants
Went to Buenos Aires, - from Vaster
had gone to Chicago.

In the afternoon went out
with Linné & station a 4 of
a mile above water works at Flores,
& fixed station on ridge, 100
ft. (barometer) above road, & at
edge of clearing, - only scanty
shade by border trees.

This is at Mr. —
bungalow. He is a member of
library house with Frank Baker.
At first object of visit, but
on leaving object of visit, was very
kind.

The bluff here faces a little
S. E., & is heavily wooded, but
there is a clearing near top, & at
N.W. corner of this I set up
cup & Piche evaporimeter.

Very hot.

Harris & Fairmount Park, &
above (see) of 10th Ave. entrance,
at 100 ft. alt. I set up
instruments (Bar & Temp scop),
& took readings, (see sheet).
Returned to Burdette in
evening.

Monday, Aug. 17,

It was stormy & threatening
all night, but no rain.
Night was very sultry, but
toward morning ~~as~~ good
N.W. wind set in. At
midnight it was cloudy, &
sunlight so until morning.
(Took readings, see sheet.)
I changed the station to the
same level on next ridge
north, opposite middle between
8th & 9th aves. This projects
out more, & is the best exposed

point in any rock.
I noticed that instruments set
up last night were under a
little bank, - hence cut off
from northward wind.
Evaporation was slight. There
was very little dew, - almost
none, except in lower places.
My new station is on top of
spur, exposed to both wind & sun.
It is 140 ft above flat, but
100 ft above shelf on which
are trees, residences, etc.
common, this being further
down stream should be a
little better.
The new station is 70 ft higher,
at top of ridge of which the old
main station is a spur.
The 3rd station is just over the
ridge (East) 2 rods from top, and 6 ft.
below it. Scant timber here.
The 4th station is at top of main ridge
at angle of road in N.W. cor. of the park
& is 25 ft above No. 3, or 235 ft above
flat.

Shops - W. side (top) of Fairmount
Park Cliffs

Helianthus viscidus

Aster laevis

Petalostemon candidus

" *violaceus*

Cassia angustifolia

Dalea (bealensis)

Chenopodium

Liatris squarrosa

repens

Lycodium junceum

Andropogon furcatus

*Grass (sheep - see
next valley)*

Elymus (big one)

Helianthus albus

Helianthus (small)

Asclepias tuberosa

Galium boreale

Aster (small blue)

" *decumbens*

" *multiflorus*

Salix humilis

Quercus macrocarpa

Rhus glabra

Comandra umbellata

Verbena stricta

Erigeron
capitatus canadensis

Aster divaricatus

Solidago multicaulis ^{see}

" *serotina* ^{see Valley}

Astragalus (gray, hairy)

" *smooth -*
(caricarpus?)

Castilleja occidentalis

Euphorbia marginata

" *corollata*

" *missouriensis (see Valley)*

Perovskia atrorubra

Setaria viridis

Onoclea

Ambrosia

Veronica hastata

" *viridis (see Valley)*

Rubus eupatorioides

Rosa (see Valley)

Populus

Artemisia ludoviciana

Muhlenbergia (small)

Desmodium illinoense

Lepidoloma capitata

(see Valley, etc.)

Chrysopsis

Asclepias

Thalictrum

in

40. Readings at pts. indicated, -
 in Fairmount Park - Green's Pyramid.

Hour	70 ²	75 ³	3	4	6
	70 ² H	75 ³ H	In woods	In woods	over ridge
	above station	above station	2 rods E	100 ft. E.	E. + W. in
	dry	dry	dry	dry	dry
8.40	71 62	74 64	70 61	69 1/2 61 1/2	
9.	71 62	72 62			
10	78 67	76 64	73 67	73 61	
11	80 66	80 65	78 64	76 63	
12	81 66	81 66	76 66	74 66	78 66
	(at 12.20) (78 66) (at 12.20) (80-67)				
1	82 68	82 66	78 63	76 61	80 67
2	82 66	85 70	78 62	76 62	82 67
3	79 66	77 66	76 64	75 62	76 65
4	76 65	77 66	76 64	74 64	78 67
5	76 66	79 67	75 64	74 64	78 67
6	77 68	75 64	74 64	74 63	75 1/2 64
7	70 62	73 62	71 62	71 62	71 62

at 10⁰⁰ - 10⁰¹ - 100 ft. from 1180 ft.
 at station 6 ft. below top, E. of ridge
 in woods -

at 12⁰⁰ - 6⁰⁰ - 1850 same station

at lower station in woods / 1665 - 12¹⁴ - 12¹⁹

Very top of ridge above station, 41
 wind swept, was 77-67 at 1.30

Great part of hill
 1 block W. of
 entrance to
 Fairmount Park

100 ft. from
 1180 ft.
 1665 ft.

at 12³⁰, when sky was cloudy, I

held my green in wind &

it was 78-63

I then turned & put page.

in shadow of my body & it was
not much over 65.

78-65 was reading

at station 5 - velocity

2²² - 2²⁷ = 510 ft.

Mostly weather leaves.

✓ Photo 9 - looking N across
reservoir - Cornell Hills

✓ Photo 10 - Looking S. into
Fairmount Park,
Northwestern timbered
view

✓ Photo 11 - Look E. of S. from main
station.

✓ Photo 12 - Looking N. of E. at
the same place.

Aug. 17, 1908

✓ Photo 13 & 14

cut at end of station ridge
on 9th Ave.

Strong band of large nodules

✓ Photo 15 & 16 -

Looking S. at cut -



nodules under 1 ft. X

✓ 17 & 18

Clear view of nodules

at X

Not wind enough to
move the leaves at
no. 3, also 2, though
later gets better results.

In the cut just below my
station the base of section is
very prominent & follows contour
the whole section, dipping
towards west.

Below this, near top of cut, is
the very distinct shell layer
which is so exposed along
the whole of the ridge. Shells
are mostly *Cardium* (see box)
The middle layer contains the
largest nodules that I have seen.
Dip of bed is 10° to 15° .

Aug. 18, Tuesday.

Left Cornhill Wharfe at 7.⁵⁰
am, for Wainwright Valley.

46

Jim went by Claude Cox.

Pit on the side.

Just across road (about 300
yds S. of E. of pit) is house
where well stands.

40. { Black soil 2 or 3 ft.
Blue joint clay

87. { Sand with (plants) of little
Sand
Gravel

Total depth 87.
water in gravel.

The bones are all in gravel,
also from fragments of wood
in same gravel.

The well is 55 ft. above
the level of the creek
now dry.

This on ground of P. R. Cox,
father of Claude Cox.

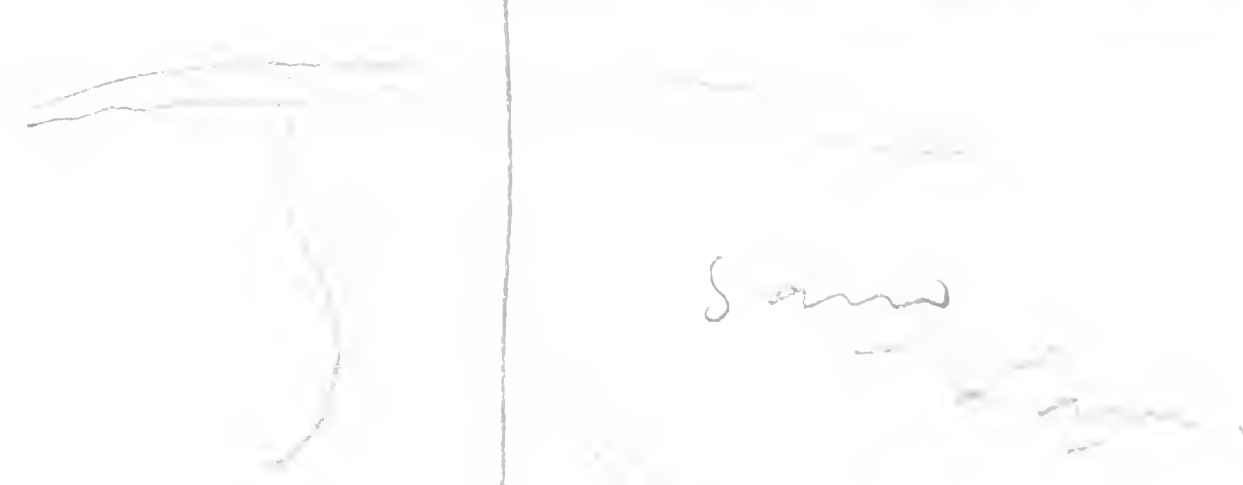
47

Pit (McBarnum) - S of

Mr. Wiley is 22 ft.

above bottom (see Cox
Pit in 6 ft.
above bottom.)

Pit shows sand & gravel
mostly sand, with pebbles
in lower & bottom



Copper wire with clay
like stuff, as in top pit.
No bones.

Cost 18 ft. higher.

44 Aug. 19, Wed.

In AM. packed and looked up notes.

In afternoon took barometric readings on the east ridge and E. side of middle ridge. They checked perfectly.

On the return and I let them stand. Also checked with other readings on 5th. See maps.

of town for these. I saw the wall in front of the Miller hotel as a datum line.

This is really same as C. & W. depot.

I also took two east ridge and east line of middle ridge. The unusual number of cuts in Mo. Valley makes this a fine find.

Thurs.

~~Wed.~~ Aug. 20

49

Went 8th with Lewis. Found stopped at great pit (coal) + got a piece of clay + bone. Visited the ^{upper} 'Buhl' pit, just S of road, but found it shallow. Report has it that many bones were also found here.

Cut 67 is a low cut with gutter only 4-6 ft. high, & below upper 2-4 ft. (which is gravel, but without iron tubes + contains fine bone nodules) the lower 2 more compact, bluish with iron streak & with few nodules & a few very fossil shells. *Perognathus*, *Helicium*, *unident.* & fragments of *Succinea*. (See box)

Took a few nodules & samples of clay about 5 ft from top.

No 68 is a similar section with small fragments of shells but is a little yellower.

It is not over 1 ft deep & rather long, on the west side.

50 The road here gradually runs
up slope, so that 68 is higher
than 67.

Cut 69 is on hill sloping up S.E.

a) is upper 3-5 feet, which is
yellow, somewhat, & with many
little nodules. And a few
large *Succinea* etc. (see spec.)

also sample 3 ft. from top

b) is lower body of cut. It is
chiefly yellow, but in places is
black with iron shales &
chocolate brown spots.

It has fossils scattered all
through & also a considerable
number of rounded nodules.
See shales, nodules & samples.
Sample 6 ft. from top, about
where fossils are most
abundant.

The total depth of cut is
about 10 ft. & nearly
three telephone lengths long.

Cut 70 - is similar, but only
about 6 ft. deep, no shales,

Cut 71 is in hillside at corner
(nw.) about 8 ft. of compact
loam with red streaks & bones.
(like samples from cut 69b)
is exposed in a bank & road cut
on W. side of road.

In hillside further on W. side
a blue loam with white, finely
tubular & red soil tubules in
exposure (see sample 71b)

A little cut (not deep but long)
leading up just hill E. shows
blue loam & tubular soil just as it is
in it is soil not just & then
nodular. The layer of loam above
I could not make out here,
here, but 69b seems to
be a transition loam as
it is upper member of first
Kansan.

No. 72 is at foot of hill (at E. end)
where about 6 ft of yellow
loam & the = of 69a. contains
a more compact blue loam,
with a dark chocolate brown
band, interrupted & irregular,
& only an inch or so thick.

No 73 is a deep road cut,
15 ft deep, being cut
across a narrow ridge.
The lower mass of loam is
cherty gray, with few nodules
& some bones scattered all
through. See sample 73b)
It is lower light with chocolate
spots & a few small streaks -
resembles the 69a but is
not typical blue loam.

The upper layer of 3-5/A
is crumbly, reddish, & shades
into 73b. Few small

nodules when in water. No 74 is near foot of hill just
E. of 73 & is a washout W. of
road about 12 ft. deep.
It shows in lower half a
very contrast lower (see sample
74) & thin chocolate with
iron & chocolate.

This is Prather's

On road -
(In sec 20 at Magnolia)

dry well black soil.
2 ft black soil.
20 yellow clay.
40 blue clay
10 ft. sandy - & dark
blue clay.
well 70 ft. deep.
at 40 ft. a reap. & then
dry to 70 ft. -

A little better W. side
yet W. - on road ridge -

2 ft black soil
20 yellow clay
40 blue clay
80 - Hardpan. - 30 ft
below & same.

54 In broken boulder as by
as your head. Black
niggerhead & one red one

Looking E from Bechtelown
I could see rolling plain,
not in rough east of Potato
creek, & one would not probably
find miles or more.

It is more gently rolling
Kansan plain, evidently
not been covered.

Between Bechtelown & E. side
of Potato creek the timber is
broken.

S.W. part of county is rough-
rolling Kansan right up to
the river valley.

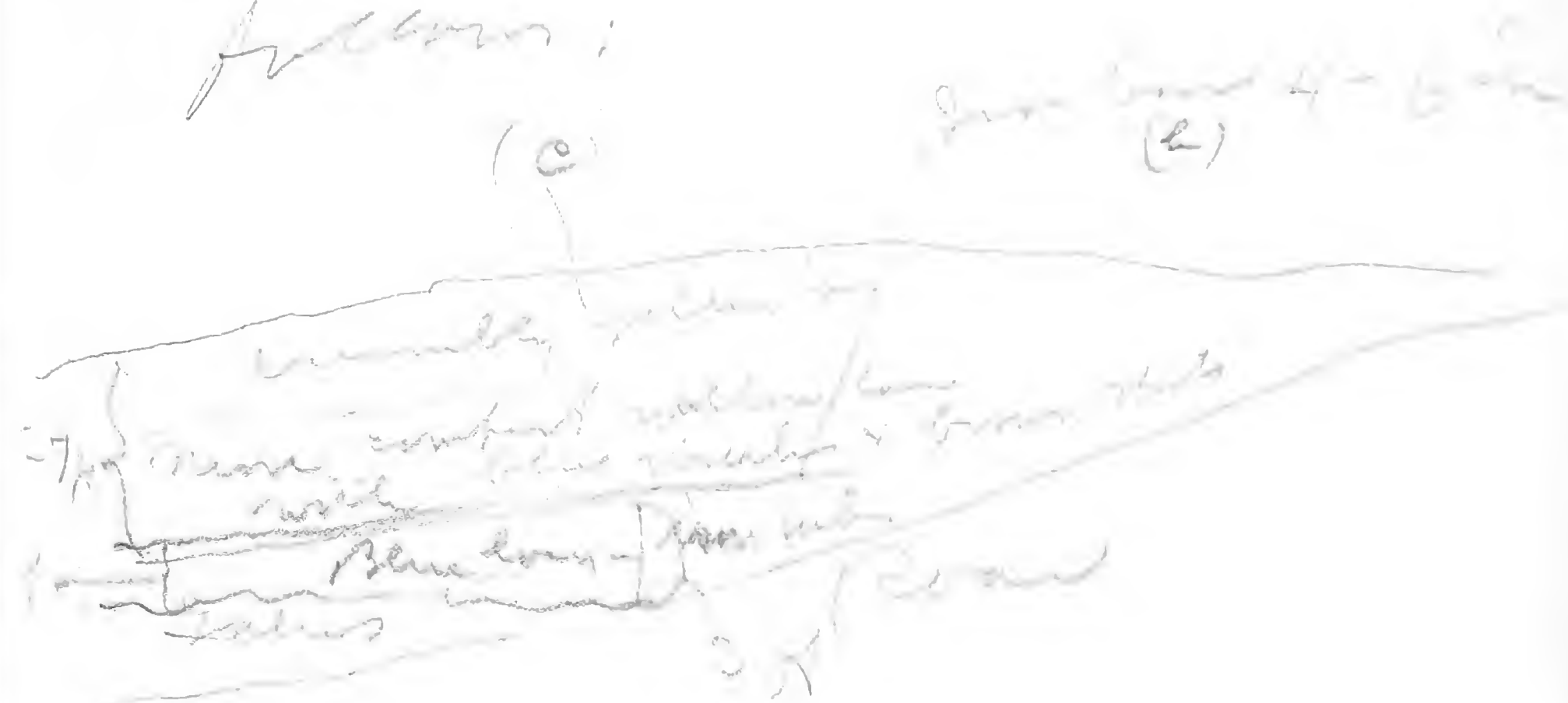
The Potato creek valley
contains little timber, but
it is not a broad valley.
Has very little timber.

55
shining in tufts,
just E. of Bechtelown on N. side
of road is a cotton
grove.

At ~~cut~~ 75 Blue loam with numerous

Tubular stones in soil near
at entrance to farm yard.

Cut 76 is in base of little slope
& extends to N. of little slope N.
at base of slope it is as
follows:



The blue loam (a) is compact
with white calcareous patches,
small nodules.

The upper loam - also compact
but is of mottled yellow & gray
type seen in 73. (See samples)

At 77 the road with party
down great deep hill,
passes over a small hill just
S. of road, & down road, on
down slope (toward N.) there is
a considerable amount of fluvial
drift on road (see pebbles.)

cut 78 is on ^{N.} slope, leading
down from top of first ridge
N. of creek.

It is 4-6 ft deep &
the lower part is grayish
like cut 73, & the
part immediately yellow, with
small nodules as before.

But fossils from lower
part of a very large &
part on which is filled with
lower fossils. See box.

cut 79

This is on top & N. slope of
first hill before turn.

It reaches 7 ft in depth &
is just like 78. Zones
are in lower part of upper &
upper part of lower.

Lower has rounded nodules
as before. Upper, small ones
as before.

cut 80 same same note

80
||

|| 79

12 ft. deep - same as 73
Fossils from lower part.
Rounded nodules below (few)
Small one above (few).

Cut 81 - in a first rather small
 slope E. of creek. It shows
 lowest one blue-black over 1.0 ft.
 in diam. & plane, & smaller
 pebbles in the Kansan bed.
 About way up the slope a red
 gravelly zone shows - ^{and up}
 into a red ^(Kansan) clay. All
 Kansan drift. On top there
 is ^{some} over all.

Cut 82 - Shows blue layers
 well ^{at the top}
 usually ^{and} ^{shows} in upper
 part, & ^{yellow} ^{zone} (a little)
 above
 then clay from ^{lower}
^{part} ^{of} ^{the} ^{valley}

Cut 83 - From the ^{upper} ^{part}
 yellow above
 fragments of ^{pebbles}
 low ^{down} ^{near} ^{creek}

Cut 84 on slope facing W.
 Like other - yellow, small
 pebbles.
 Lower ^{part} ^{shows} ^{more} ^{pebbles}
 lower ^{part} ^{shows} ^{more} ^{pebbles}

Cut 85 is on slope facing E. & north
 top of hill
 Gravelly ^{part} ^{of} ^{the} ^{hill}
 Saw few ^{large} ^{pebbles} ^{at} ^{the} ^{top}
 also ^{at} ^{the} ^{top} ^{of} ^{the} ^{hill}
 lower part ^{of} ^{the} ^{hill}

The topography of vicinity S
 & S.E. & E. of the valley is
 good Kansan.
 S.E. of the valley is is rough
 towns bluffs, and E. & N.E.
 from Beebetown, where I came
 six for miles it is somewhat
 more gently rolling Kansan (a
 fine view for 8-10 miles), broken
 by the rather narrow valley of
 Potato creek, along the banks of
 which are ^{some} ^{of} ^{the} ^{best} ^{of}
 trees.

60
Grasses of same size (now interrupted
by clearing) occur in sec. 14, 24 & 25.

7, 78. R. 44 & 19 R. 43

N. of Buchanan in sec. 14, 11, 1, 2, etc.

The topography is very rough,
especially along Harris Grove Creek,
and there is considerable amount
of heavy timber. In places, especially
S. towards Center, even small deep
woods are free from undergrowth
& leaf-mould, - a peculiar condition
described also at Sta. 1, Mo. Valley,
(see pp. 61 & 62)

There is, however, characteristic
deep woods near the creek.

Aug. 21 - Friday.

61

The day was hazy & cloudy
with thin clouds, but a
slight shadow was thrown on
part of the sky. Only occasionally
did the sun break out.
At stations 2 & 4 there
was very little wind, mostly
puffs.

There was a rather heavy
dew in the morning.

The deeper woods are bare
like those on yesterday's
trip. In few cases of scattered
timber plants were
noticed. I could
recognize many of them:

{ Eupatorium giganteum
Chenopodium album
Viola canadensis
Symphytum
Young elms, etc.
Ampelopsis
Lactuca

Sept 25

62

These bare woods seem to
appear where the wind
enters.

The trees are those already
enumerated.

Add butternut ^{walnut} & ² trees.

I took photos of these
bare woods.

Nov. 19 & 20 & 26 & 27.

Each pair represents a
different view.

Aug. 22 - 1908 Sat. 63

Packed & arranged material
At 2³⁰ left for Canada
and Humboldt.
Wind northerly & cold in
morning. (but then up
a pleasant am. temp.
53° F.)

Aug. 23 - Sunday

Rained all day cloudy
with

Spoke at 3 pm with
young people.

Mrs. Kistner is a young
spirit. Young Bohm.

Krasny the president is OK.

Fr. Krasny gave me name of
John Kudrinsky
W. 4th -
Jos. V. V. V.
1407 Center St.

Aug. 24. Monday

Spent day at Okla.

Got my first good shot of both
to dig for them. Went to
bank & worked some of it
on account of accident. All
got well.

Drifts from west of Okla. were

Same as in glacial (not) as thick

in the west. Saw 3 or 4 in E.

of glacial drift. They were a

dangerous mass.

✓ Plant 24-26 - Looking up

Looking down from bank

from bridge on E side of

all 26 -

✓✓ Plant 25-26 Looking up the river

from base of bridge (in hole)

more

25 snap. 26 - same

✓✓ Photo 27-28. 27 snap

Group small Salix fluviatilis

Between 12th & 13th on N. side of river in drift
below 30 ft of cover.

Mr. R. L. Brantley chief of W.P.R.R.
Geo. Holdrege 13 & 14

Aug. 25 - 1908 Tuesday

Cloudy - S. wind

Drove out to Modale, the

Plants on bottomland same

as those on dry hills.

- ✓ ~~Carya~~ ~~laevis~~
- ✓ ~~Euphorbia~~ ~~marginalis~~
- ~~Rhus~~ ~~glabra~~
- ~~Asclepias~~ ~~verticillata~~
- ~~Petalostemon~~ ~~prostratus~~
- ~~Artemisia~~ ~~grapholoba~~
- ~~Lespedeza~~ ~~virginica~~
- ~~Silene~~ ~~viridis~~
- ~~Verbena~~ ~~viridis~~
- ~~Andropogon~~ ~~furcatus~~

Trees on bottom
native

curex

Juglans nigra
Alnus incana
Salix amygdaloides
" floridensis
Populus
Betula
Corylus
Carya
Crataegus mollis
Rosa
Amelanchier fruticosa
Rubus
Rosa glabra
Quercus
Vitis rotundifolia
Ribes
Sambucus
Cornus
Kalmia latifolia
Celastrus scandens
Smilax latifolia
Syringa
Viburnum
Salix
Prunella
Rhus
Kalmia latifolia

Photo 29 & 30 - Looking South 67
cottonwood forest

Photo 5-6 - Saw some cottonwood
with Cassia chamaecrista & Callunetum
very little cottonwood

Photo 7-8 - Saw some & forest

68

Aug. 26 - Wednesday

J. C. Prather - well down
struck rock at Little River

E. of town - 1 mi - No rain -

3 tests - 135-137 ft. - Rock

about 2 miles N. of town
with 192 ft. - nearly all
clay.

At the same place of

Angels' hollow

192 ft. - 4 strips

of sand & clay - 210.

Proper to get pebbles in

in tests at 150-175

At the 192 ft. - in
the valley on E. slope

328 - 144 =

Large of rock - some thin
little iron - seem to be

Rock in about Brown in tests

3 69 19

at farm house

at 180 about three feet of
coal

69

1st test at 180 - about 3 ft.

2nd at 280
about 3 ft
soft coal.

144 ft
sage

No tests above or
below first test.

And 2nd test shale
above below. (some in)

— layer of about 6 ft. —

— Saw about 3 inches —

— Layer of rock

Several tests
about 2 days a week
to 324 ft. - (like
then clay is red -
fossiliferous)

3 69 19

Stender reddish layer (further
at 140-150 ft)

on N side of Bay. There
is some brown but no good.

Peter Cox will at good
foot)

Upper clay - 70-72 ft

Organic 35 ft. before
water was raised.

4-5 of fresh water

Handspan 30-50 ft to
bottom of the ground.

Water in tank - in rocks -

3. water

getting to the bottom E. side

On shelf -

about 290 ft

From bottom at

35-40 ft mostly

glace

After about 1/2-2 mi.

on shelf - 5 mi. from shore

at 30 ft of land, then 40 to 50 ft
Red blue clay. Bottom

a little strip of coal

1/2 mi. thick -

2 mi. W. of Logans

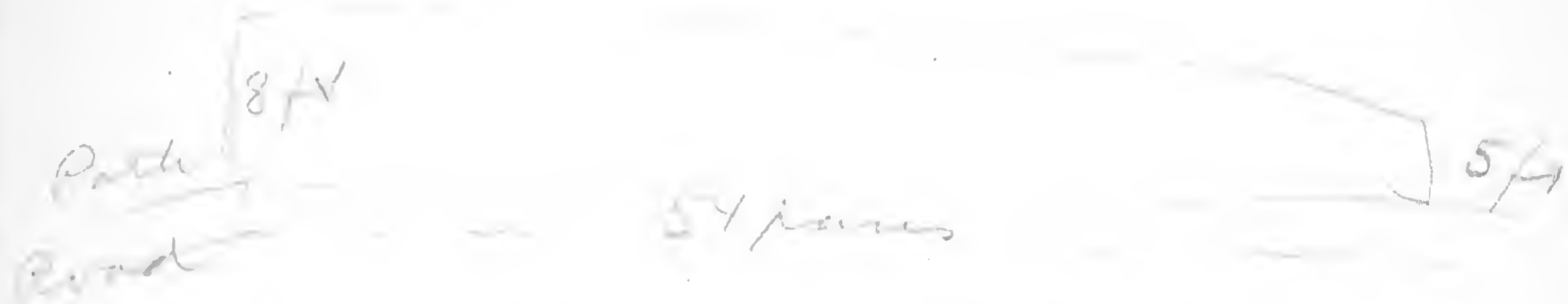
E. B. Vaughan's place -

about 200 ft -

No rock layers -

Yellow clay 170 ft of this

cut 1



The upper 4-5 ft is sandy,
yellowish, with numerous

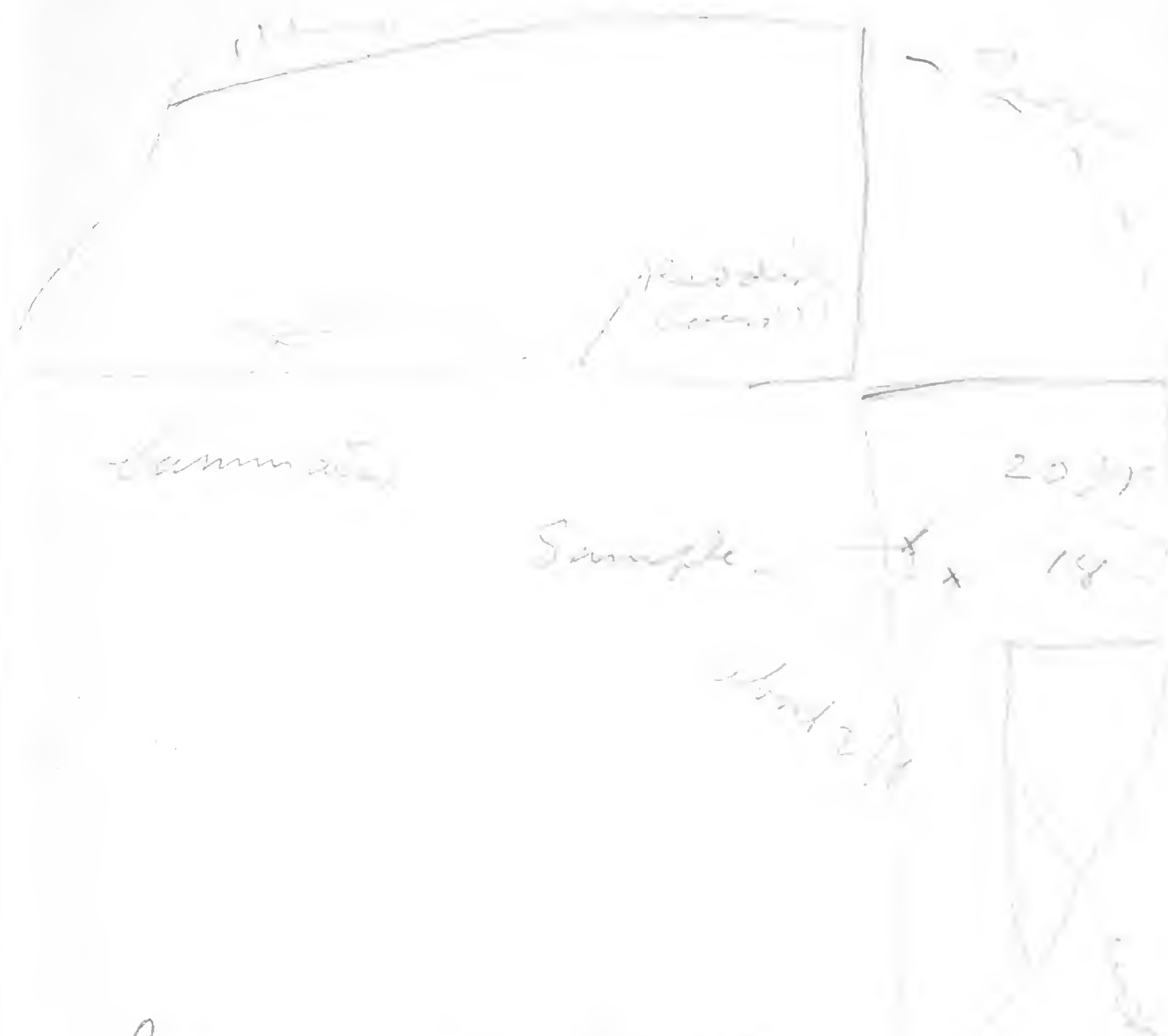
small, irregular nodules.
No sample at 30 ft.

The nodules are brown and
more rounded in the lower
more compact layer.

No sample at 2 ft.

Both parts frequently show
lenses & plates of white, fine
crystalline.

Saw only a few shells & there
are probably overgrown from
Trilobites & the above.



cut 2 lower
part (20 ft thick) -

is a soft yellow loam with
brown spots, a few horizontal
iron streaks & clauding, &
it shows a distinct horizontal
cleavage (lamination).

Nodules are practically absent
from lower part.

Upper layers as in (1)

at 18 ft + upward more
fine (either thin, or lower
part and steeper)

thin contains scattered fossils,
change constant than at 20

On W side, noted 2 or 3 ft

Lower local brown redder
with some. It is distinctly
granular (with iron streaks)

in part no streaks, which is
distinctly different from

lower redder brown (granular)
the sample of reddish brown

Is this redder only because wetter?
Compare when dry.

Cut 3 - Over 1/2 blk long - about
22 ft deep. Looking S



Each sample is sample
20 ft from top.

Fossils in cut 3 - (none) below 4.7 ft from
bottom of cut.

This is again yellow, fairly
laminated in structure, with
very few small nodules.

scattered fossils at x a
lower of fossil shells - fragments, 5 in
long & 1/2 wide - made out only when
looking N. This has not gone in over
3 in. deep.



This is yellow brown, same as
in (3) & containing fossils &
a few nodules. Same defect,

A common
cut 3 & 4 show little of nodules
nodules in above.

Nodules in both 3 & 4
2) are either rounded or
lens-like.

In these & other cuts, some
oblique in position and near
top of exposure & in other only
found from in that place.

76

Cut 5 - Part facing S

The lower modules are

same as in cut 3

Fossils are really just out of reach
in highest part, & I have to get

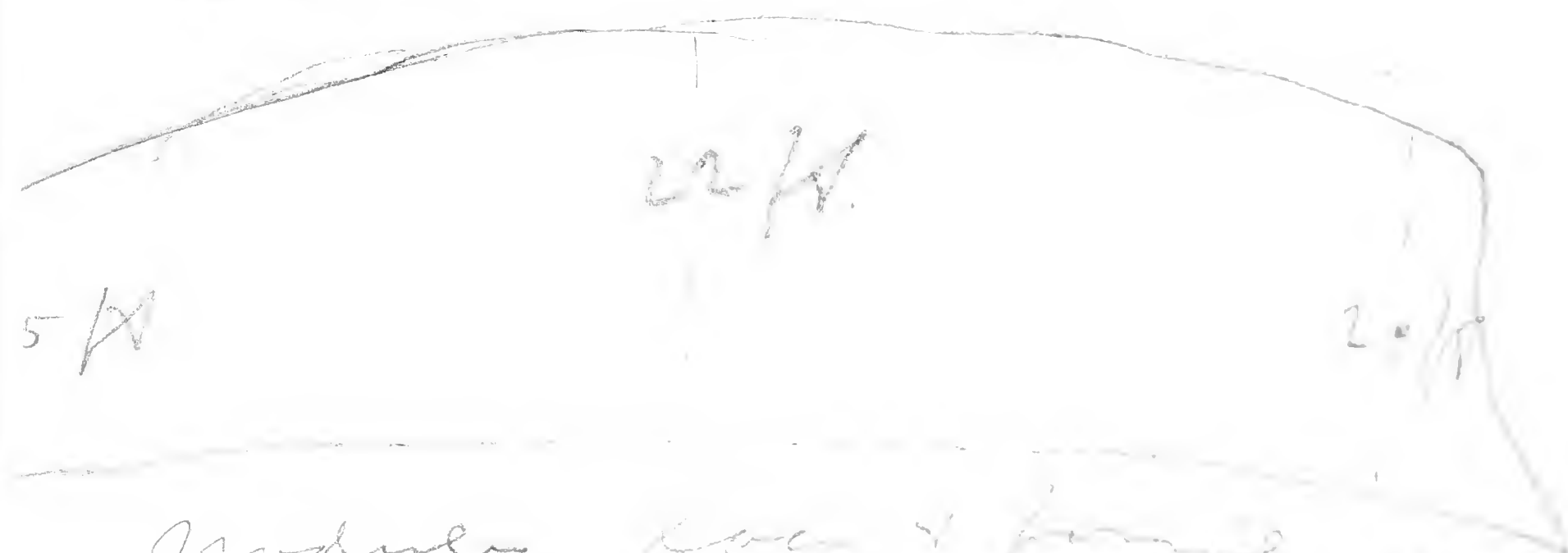
them in the lower cut & around
the lower side.

Fossils are better, & not numerous.

All that part of cut 5 in E & W
no part (in cut) seems to be
same, & is not as deep as cut 5
facing S. about 15 ft feet
is highest of this part.

77

Cut 6 is on slope &
at deepest pt. probably
18 ft deep. Gutter is
washed deep at base all
along & I could not reach
much of it. Yellow clay
as in 5, but fossils same
in places, especially below,
if they are not
parallel to surface or
weathered surface.

Cut 7 - Block long

Modules, lower, & fossils are
in 5. Modules fossils
just out of reach, but
fossils few.

Cuts 7 & 8 have many
bank swallow holes - in upper
1/2 or so -

Cut 8

Like cut 7 - about 20 ft deep

Fine fossils, mostly above. Nodules, lamination, etc., the same as before.

All loose



Cut 9 is more

or less slumped, but shows same material as 7 & 8, only upper nodular layer is a little more distinct.

Some nodules, fossils same.

The boundary between bands is clearly shown in places (lower). Its upper end (N.) is lower.

is more slumped.



Cut 10

This is about 10 ft deep & mostly yellow brown.

1/2 block long.

A few small nodules

nodules here



The nodules in lower part of section are same. So are fossils. The nodular layer runs out at W. end as shown. It is 4 or 5 ft deep at W. end & runs out in lower part toward E. The lower part is reddish (weak).

cut 11 is low (1 ft. of first terrace & 2 or 3 ft of 2nd) & shows nodular upper layer as in 10 - run out. Overgrown & not clear.

Hardly worth cutting. Cut 11 runs whole block, but E. end is low & overgrown.

Cut 12 is over a block
long, & takes down hill to o.



15 ft.

Row

This is like town of 7, 8, 9 & 10
contains same nodules,
shells, etc. Lower part
make out a distinct
nodular layer above but
it is more or less broken.
All over this old
weathered surface where
it occurs but in the
shrinkage of today, the
red color appears. I
cut in again & again
& found this red only

A surface that
was yellow.

Cut 13 - is more or less
slumped, 5-7 ft high,
1/2 block long. Shows
fragments of shells, nodules,
coars, etc. as in 11, 12, etc.

Cut 14



The lower, middle, shells are
same as before.

The nodular layer is
quite distinct & free
5 ft. deep. For 1 or 2 ft
in 3 ft. water only, very
shallow.

Lower layer will be
round nodules.

82

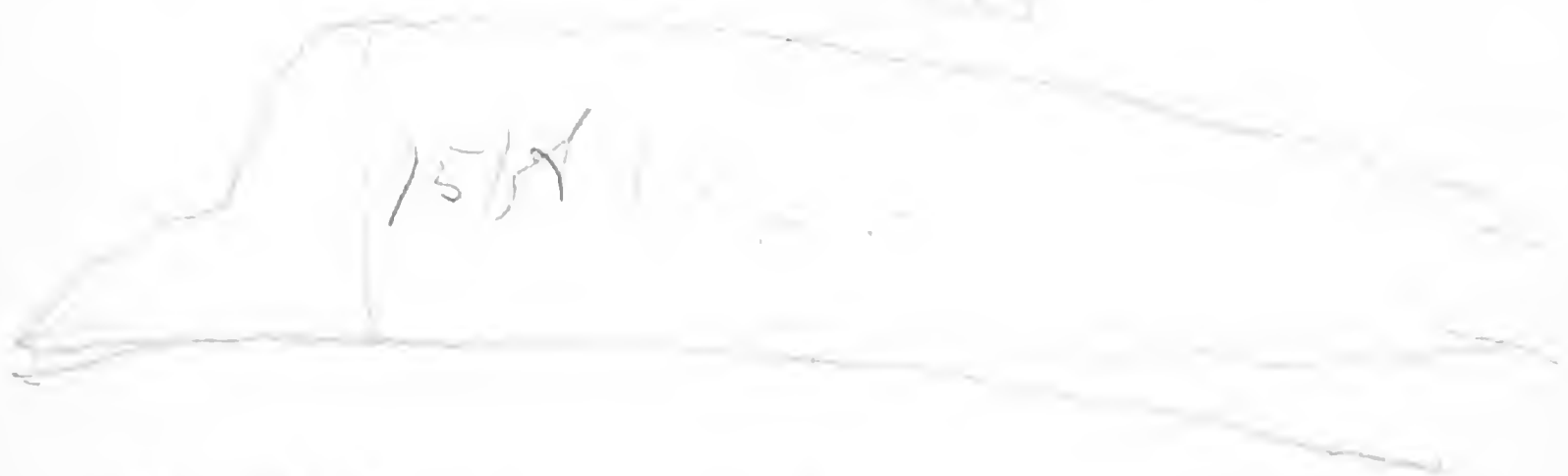
This is full of holes
 given by English Sparrows
 (Come up & take picture)

See shells,
 cut 15-



Same as cut 14,
 see shells.

cut 16 - 1/2 full long



Notice nodules here
 3-4 ft, with few very
 small nodules.

Remains as in 15 + 14 83

Cut 17 - about 20 ft deep
 more or less slumped.

Nodules larger here than in 15,
 especially at W. end.
 About 1/2 block long.



Remains nodules in lower
 level - fossils in lower

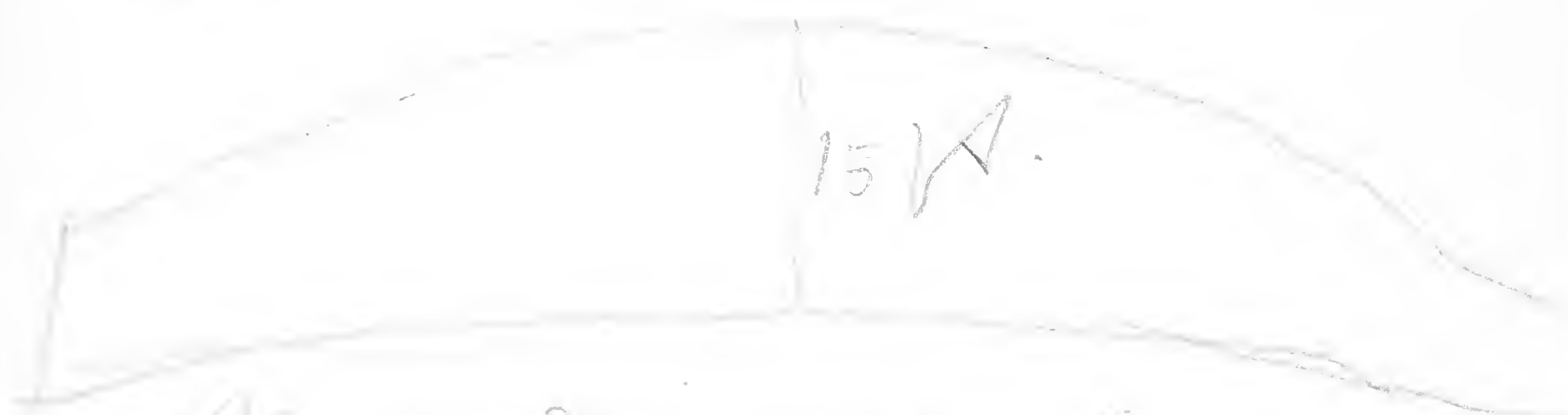
cut 18 is similar,
 (moderate) layers
 not always distinct but
 present, & in its place
 a lobular layer

See study
 shell zone.

about 1/2
 in thickness



cut 19



Modular layer
 present -

cut same as before
 shells very few

cut 20

1/2 block long



Same as before -
 Modular layer present,
 but modular few & small.
 Round nodules more

numerous below - also
 some fusiform

Loos, also as before
 Shells more numerous

In all these cuts
 red surface where
 moist.

86

Cut 21

This is a low cut
extending to top of hill.



The upper 3-4 ft is distinctly
modular. Indenture small
& very numerous.

Lower layer yellow clay.

1-2 ft of fine, low

columnar, fragments
of *Murchisonella*?

Cut 22 - 10 ft deep. 87

Irregular, slender &
overgrown.

Took sample of soft
yellow clay 7 ft from
top.

also - $\frac{1}{2}$ ft from top
no shales.

Aug, 27 - Thurs

Went to Coal pit -

The lowest pit in road,
a little west of Claude's

Coal house = 0.

Road off house = 5

Entrance to pit = ~~15~~ ¹⁷ ft

Top of clay layer = 10 ft

1/2 way to top of clay = 53,

13 ft

Low
dike

limonite
plates

24 ft

Low dike

2 in.

Thin sand

coarse
sand

gravel

cross-bedded
light

14 ft

Dark gravel,

fine clay

4 ft. fine white sand

coarse
sand
+ gravel

clay balls
+ plates

The sand is rather fine,
distinctly & beautifully cross-bedded.

The upper part is all fine
sand, with iron scales; lower
part has scales & layers of
small pebbles. It also has
streaks & clots of iron.
The lower sand is marked
off by an oxidized band,
rather sharp above.

The light gravel, running 6 ft
& 8 ft., is rather gravel,
cross-bedded, with occasional
small boulders (4 in, etc.).

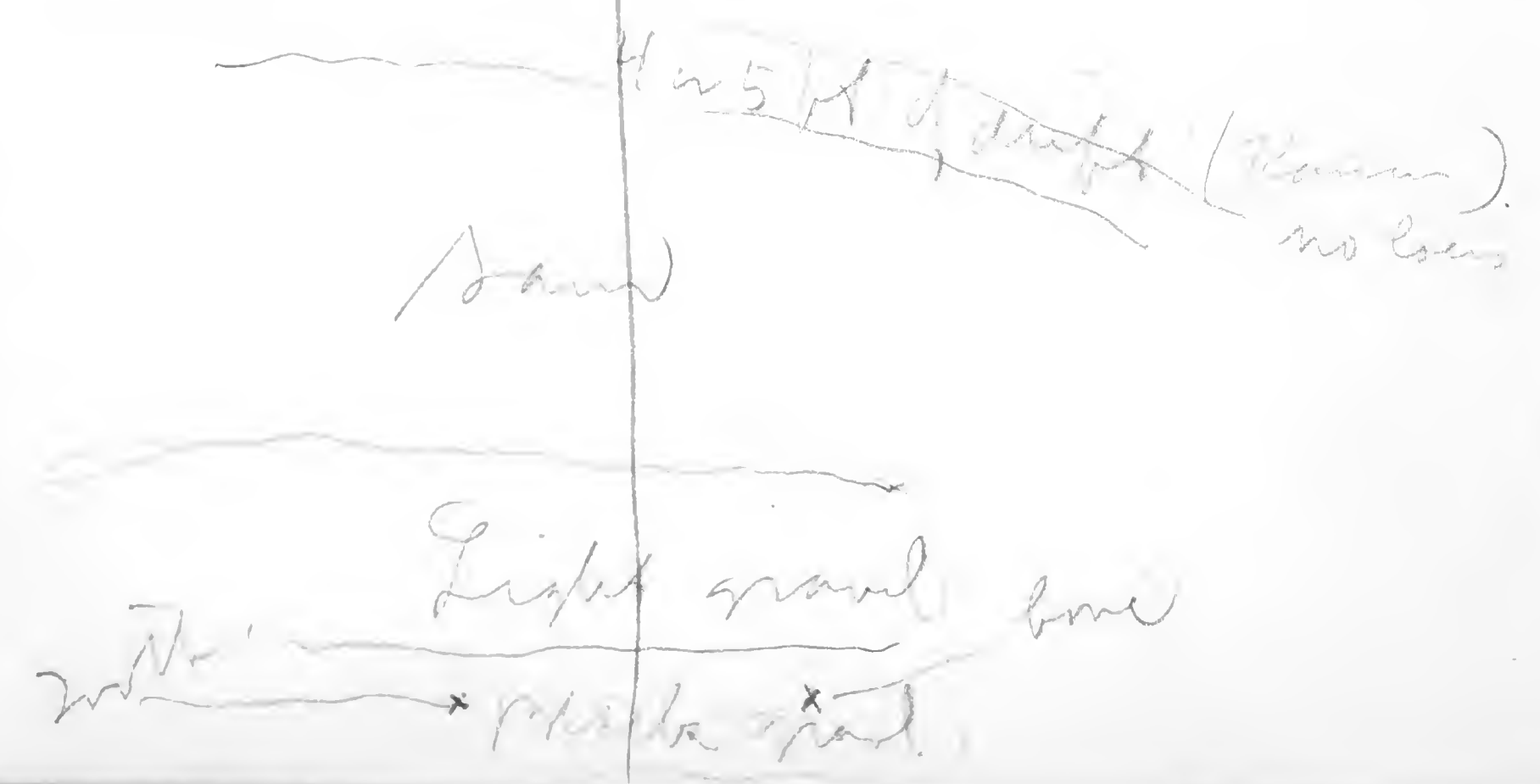
It is darker than sand
above (more iron) and is
sharply set off. Also
rather ^{more} strongly oxidized above
for a foot or two.

The lower gravel has much
black stuff in it.

Bones are scattered all through both gravels, and some came from the gravel, & the are remains today from higher gravels.

The mastodons & bison & bones were taken from lower layer, about 5 ft. above its base. They were at same level.

The section up 88 is shown looking E.
Looking S. section looks thus:

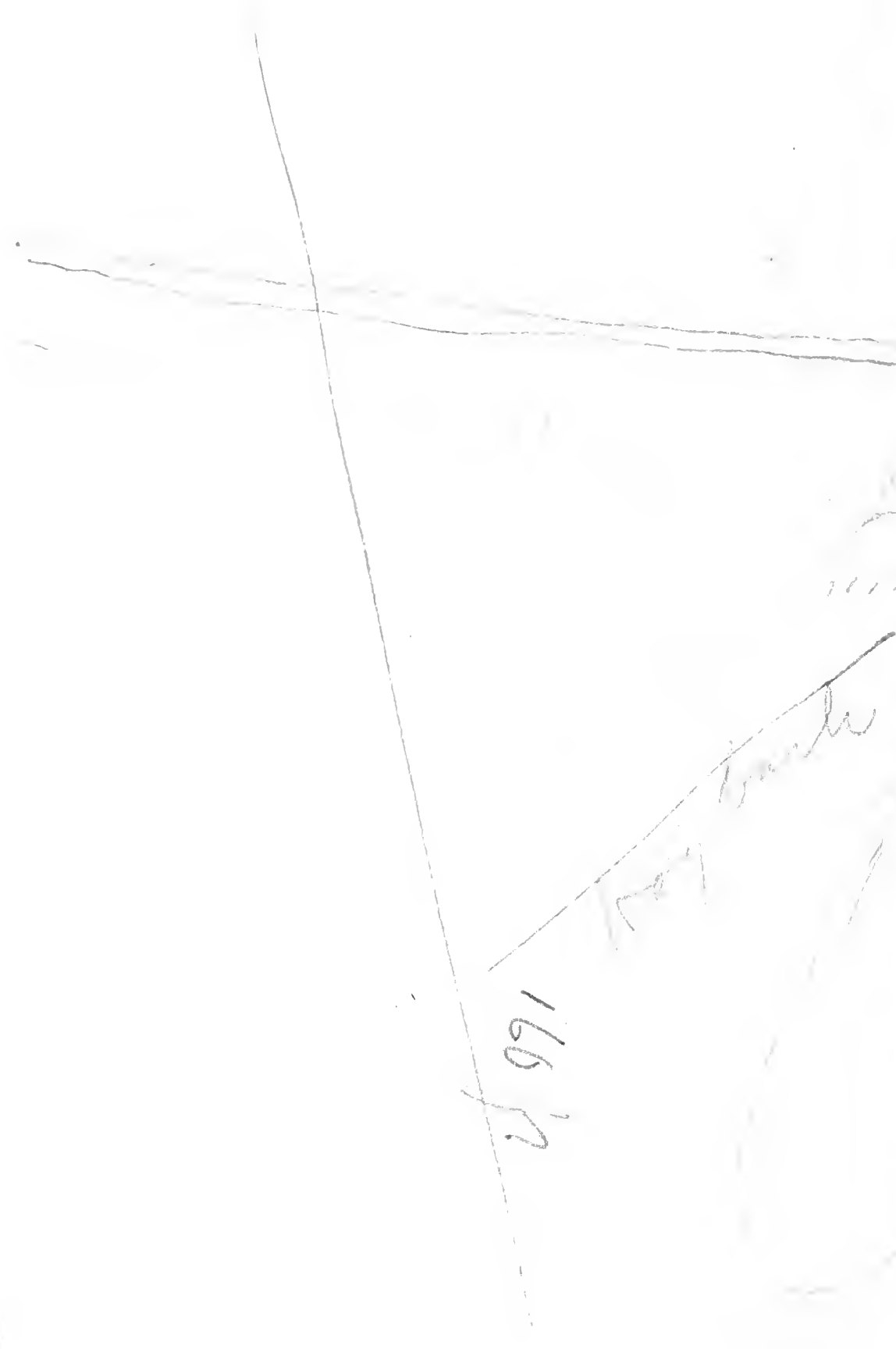


The sand is separated from blue drift by a layer of nodular plates, - usually 2-4 inches thick.

Above this is a layer of blue (Hansen drift, which becomes yellow above (with iron). The pebbles in the upper part are the most rather fine, white, smooth pebbles of the Hansen. There is a strongly marked layer in lower part of blue (Hansen) drift in blue above.

Road above it is 55 ft. Low begins about 4 ft. & runs up hill.

The river runs to 160 ft above bottom of pit (elevation = 157)



I took a lot of soil from the
center of the ridge. The
clay is the same as the
middle.

at Cox's well 105 ft above bottom
(Reading = 102)

1
Cox's
well

Well reaches 127 feet
before water struck.
Clay + blue joint - 40 ft.
Sand + gravel, rest.
This water in gravel.



The same as pit
was not quite
very fine, the
ground showing
underneath.

The upper part of the
ridge where pit is loose
long back with gravel
cat-steps, etc.

Gravel appears all along road
road is in row, but
it is there, & below road
gravel shows on sides, which
yields for corn.

E

cut 189

Family level. yellow.
 round nodules - upper
 nodular layer not distinct.

12 ft. deep.

Red ferrite is extreme
 just at road level.

cut 87. Similar - 6 ft

deep. fragments
 of shell.

cut 88 extends S. up
 hill, & seems to be like

cut 87.

Minor cuts appear along
 road between cut 89 &
 Cox's pit, & they all
 show nodular layers above,
 with numerous small
 irregular nodules.

96 Aug, 28. Friday

Packed basket & drove.

Continued work on loc. of Mrs. V.

Commenced with cut 23.

Cut 23.

(Really started at cut. 28)

Cut 28. This is on S. side of
Racine cemetery, & is about
8 ft. deep, - on slope down town E.

It is somewhat overgrown, but
as far as I could see it shows
fine grains, light, light yellow
upland loam, - no fossils or
nodules being visible, but
exposure not clean.

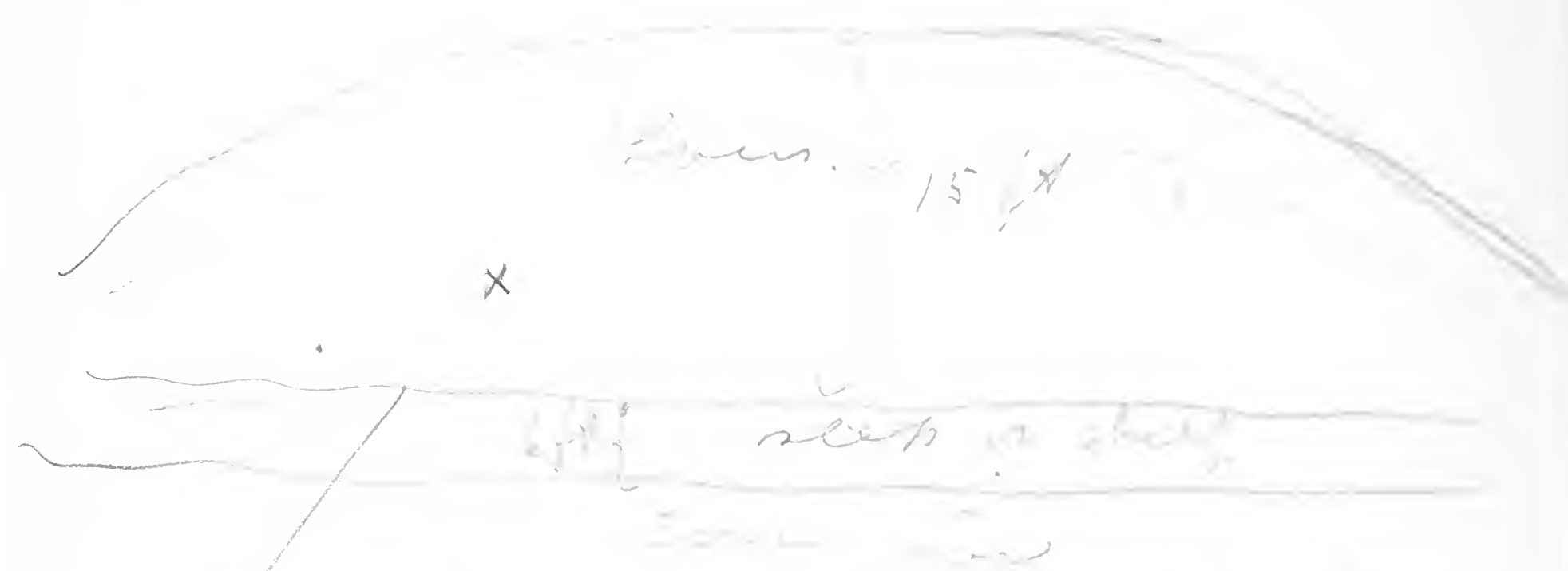
Cut 29 is in yard, where grading
exposed it. It is irregular,

about 12 ft deep in places,
partly covered, & as far

as I could see like 28.
Cut 30. Is irregular, back of
house.

Cut 26 is over 20 ft deep, 97

+ a fine exposure.



This loc. is about 8 ft above
road.

The main mass is yellow,
light, with numerous rounded
nodules, & thin shells.
I found 2 white shell
layers - one about 3 in long
& thick about 2 - shells common
& larger only 2 in thick.

See shells & sample (see p. 98)

Also nodules.

The upper 4 or 5 ft. show
small nodules & some
stuff - small nodules
minimum.

cut 23 - E. side about 18 ft. & some yellow loam with fragments of fossils. Took a few fossils. Took sample at 15 ft. below top.

Nodules about about the side slumped & overgrown.

Took sample at W. end (where cut is 6 ft. deep only.) at 2 ft. from top in nodular layer.

Also one 6 ft. deep in top of lower loam.)

Nodules are not scarce in uppermost 3-4 ft.

Cut 24 - On E., N. & W. sides is badly slumped & overgrown, but as far as I could see is same as 23

cut 24^{5 mll} is also same - 8-12 ft. - now is in a fault zone, then about 1/2 way down hill cut 25 is a small cut 4 ft. deep - about 2 ft. nodules. Found shells & a few round nodules. Some yellow loam about 8 ft. below the 170 ft. point.

Cut 27 is same as last slumped & overgrown but as far as I saw in beds cut 26 - same cut in fossils.

It consists of two parts, the lower is about 117 ft. & about 8-9 ft. deep &

above a low slumped.

Found some in upper nodular layer.

Loam, nodules, etc. as before.

The other cut extends almost to top of hill, & is about 12 ft deep. Green nodules, etc (including upper nodular layer) same as before, but I could see no fossils.

Cut 31 is overgrown, & not satisfactory.

Cut 32 shows about 10-12 ft of yellow loam, - some w. some brown. On grass south, but 14-20 ft.

Green nodules & fossils as before. Base is about 10 ft above intersection of streets.

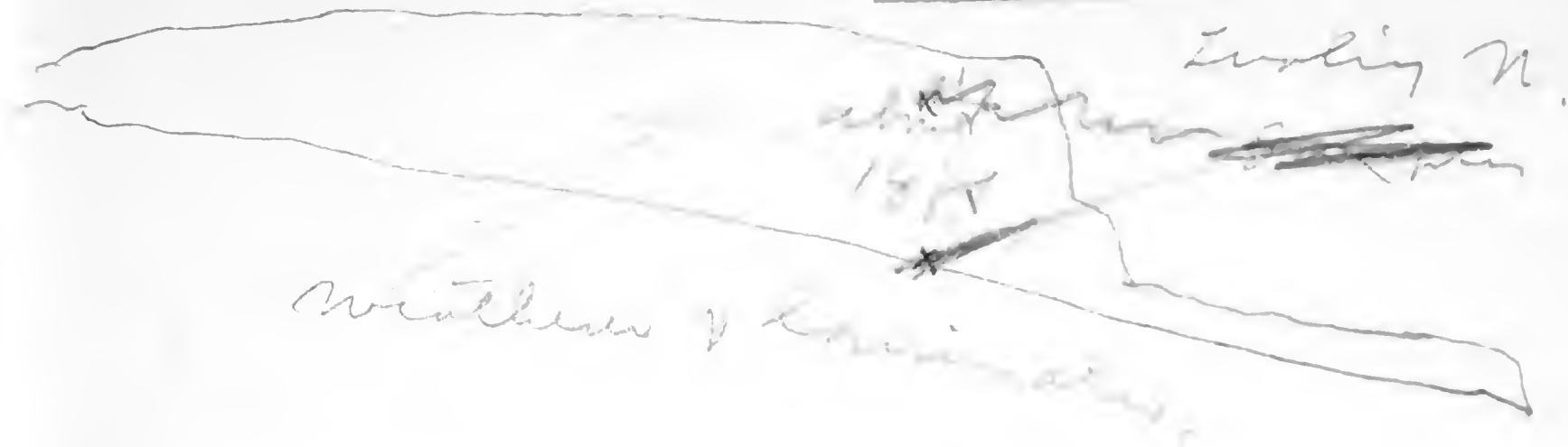
Cut 33 -

This is mostly yellow loam as before - nodules, shells & all. Upper layer nodular.

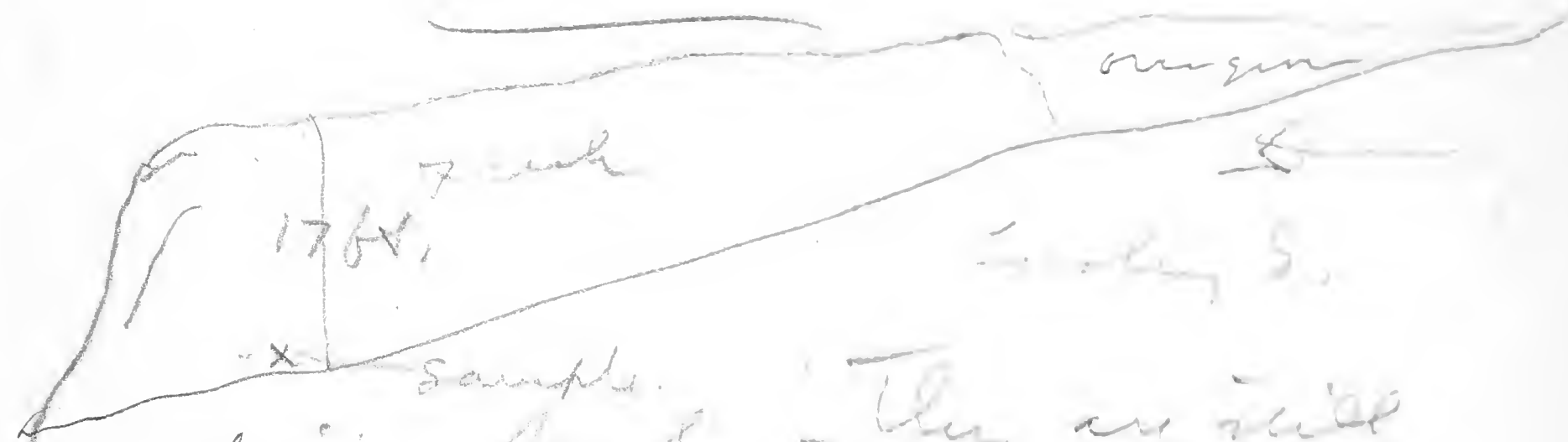
The fossils - there were mostly in lower part & partly from surface.

Lamination shows distinctly in older surface.

Cut 33



Cut 34



This fossils - They are well cutting; It is yellow loam with chocolate spots.

I found one *Ancinus* thin in upper nodular layer, which is about 4-5 ft thick.

Top sample 17 ft from top. The nodular layer = 5 ft yellow loam = 12 ft.

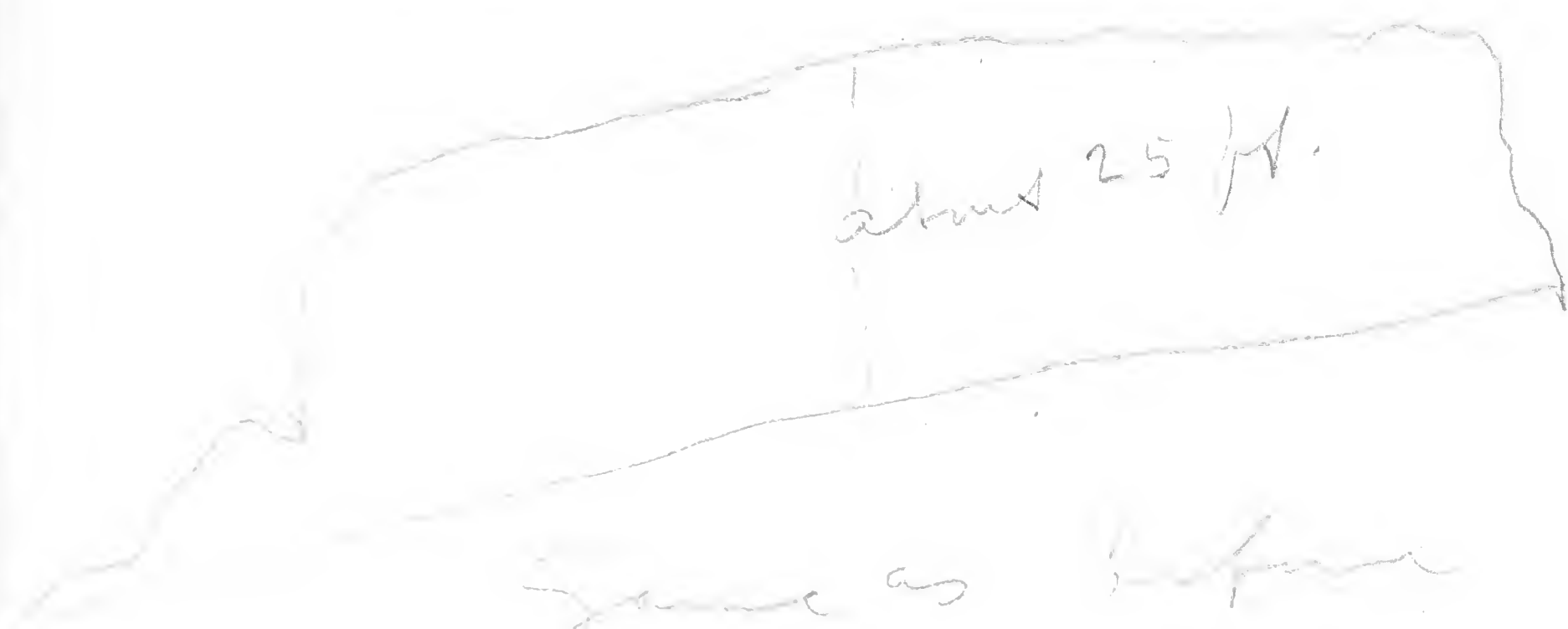
Few nodules appear on this side, but they

do occur. The E. end of this cut (which is marked with trees)

Cut 35,

Same yellowish brown laminated
fossils very few.
Lamination distinct on
weathered surface for some feet
small fossils.

Cut 36 - 2nd size box of fossils.



Same as before
remains brown
no fossils in
it 33-36.

Lamination distinct on
weathered surface, when
there is no thin overwash.

These cuts are both
downed, as the Coors is not
back of them & they are
near walls.

Cut 44 - 1/2 block.



Popular name brown -
modular and very massive
shells few scattered
brown very little
modular.

All brown in
fine.

Cut 45 is a blocky
yellow brown, fine
modular - very few
shells.

104

cut 45



cut 46 is continuation
across trench, $\frac{1}{2}$ blk. long.



same as 45,

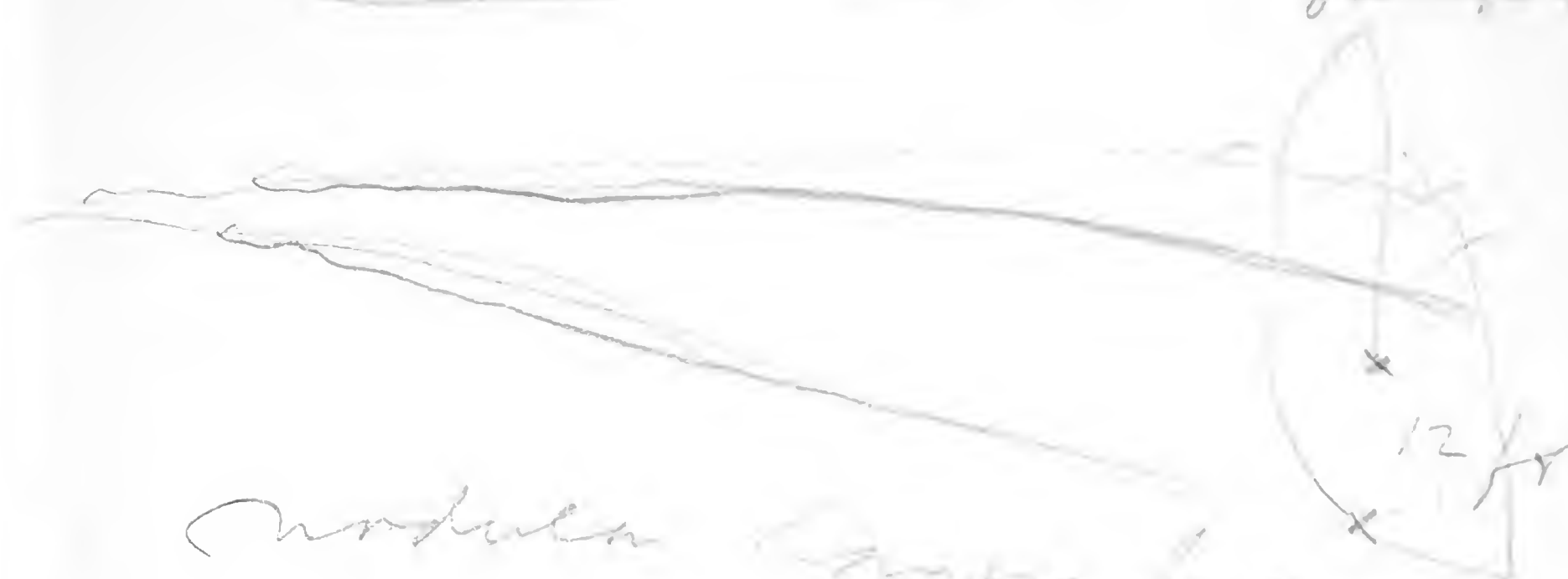
Only a very few fragments
of shells, - not identifiable

nodules larger present, -
nodules few.

cut 47 - S side

105

samples



nodules larger present,
nodules not many.

Focus in surface

Fossils very few & mostly near
E. end.

E. end in a small & narrow

Drill sample 3 ft from top
(in nodules layer) & 12 ft
from top - at base of cut.

In afternoon I set up apparatus & took first reading at 4⁰⁰ - 4²⁰ ⁰⁰ P.M. The day had been exceedingly sultry, & for the most part sunny, though hazy. On the hills a breeze could be felt only in the morning. The wind all round was from W. of S. or S. In afternoon (latter half) it varied to S.W., & blew that way all night. It was sufficiently strong to sway branches most of the time.

When I took first readings the wind at post 4 was scarcely noticeable, at post 3 the strongest, at post 1 strong & at post 2 almost nothing.

Aug, 29 - Saturday. 107

The sky was cloudy in south, & could hear thunder. Wind was strong enough at 6 o'clock to sway branches. Light dew.

The thermometer set up shows only a difference of 25.2 in. from 7 P.M. yesterday & 7 A.M. today (but no wind in from S.W. the point (sta. 1) does not catch the wind).

When I took bar readings at 7 A.M. sta. 4 felt breeze a little (very little), sta. 3 more decidedly, sta. 1 fairly, and sta. 2 scarcely at all.

I checked barometer readings at 2, at 7, and they were less than $\frac{1}{2}$ degree apart.

At 8 o'clock reading also taken. It was exposed to stiff S.W. breeze & new station scarcely at all.

10th

at sta 4 - 8⁰⁰ 75⁰ - 70

on top of hill - 75 - 70

strong S.W. wind

(5211 ft in 950-955)
in top

(4407 in 940-945
at 4)

Harold Tucker
is looking

Again at 9 a heater

Boyle 1 & 2 (Cedar) &

gone from here then $\frac{1}{2}$ day

up to the hill house

The day thermometer

at 9:00 nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ mile on

no 1.

Readings at Pans 3 & 4 at

8 & 9 were 20-25 min.

after the hour. But always

in order 1, 2, 4, 3.

at 9 - 1 was windy & cloudy

heavy, 2, cloudy & quiet,

4 (old) quite windy, 4 (new) almost quiet,

3 quite windy, & both 3 & 4 strong

10th

at 10. no 2 was slightly

(through leaves) & a little

longer than leaves

no 1 quite windy & sunny

at 4 (old) - cloudy

" 4 (new) - cloudy & sunny

at 10⁰⁰ - at 3 was 529 ft

a minute.

at top of hill = 740 ft

(cloudy)

78 - 70⁰ - 74 ft

77 - 70 - 73 ft

at 10 - 10:30 at 10 am

heavy in the morning

near 10:00.

Part of the hour - 10:00

sunny.

at 11 - 2 cloudy.

1 cloudy

4 old cloudy & little - 3

4 was somewhat windy & little wind

at 3 - 1

86-74 - at top of rock - 3 m
after reading at (3)

(3) = 84 $\frac{1}{2}$ -72 $\frac{1}{2}$

at 12- station 7- sun (shade
of trees) & little gust

station 1- sun & wind

4 (m) sun & wind

4 (m) " " less "

The Camp evap. at (2) was
partly in shade & partly in
sun (between leaves)

at 1 o'clock it was quite
muggy & damp (very) & the
apparatus at 2 caught
lots of condensed. The wind
had veered to S.W.

at 4 o'clock some wind, at

noon 4 almost none.

at 3 wind very strong.

The Transition List Station 111

1+2 is about 2 m wide &
contains:

Rhus glabra (low)

Symphoricarpos (low)

Rhus oahu ()

Amorpha canescens

Moronea (low)

Gerardia (m) (m)

Aster (m) (m)

Amorpha (m) (m)

Helianthus (m) (m)

" (m) (m)

Ceanothus

Fragaria

Sambucus (m) (m)

Euphorbia (m) (m)

Young green ash.

Poa (m) (m)

Lithospermum (m) (m)

Gerardia (m) (m)

Gerardia (m) (m)

At 2 o'clock it was still quite sunny (but hazy) & the wind shifted to W. of S. & was quite strong.

When you are from due to
the rest of S. of the 1. students
now, as I forget.

Ad 6 work

#(old) Shady & Sunny

at 7 o'clock
all in shade & wind
somewhat subsiding.

114 Aug. 30-1908

Set up one station at
6th, Woodworth Ave. on
a ridge just opposite Woodworth
& W. of 6th. This was
timbered, but now shows only
a few trees. It faces N.E.
& is well exposed S. & S.E. & E.
(i.e., there are no buildings
to interfere, the place being
clear for our purpose.
The area is now covered
with blue grass, and
of course some weeds.
The area is typically
of the kind usually
covered with forest on
the Nebraska side.
Mr. Gilder says in digging
he finds black soil on
W. side of river (on ridges)

but not on E. side. 115

My Council Bluffs
stations were same as
before.

116

Aug. 31 - Monday

Rain nearly all AM.
Returned to Mr. Valley at noon
& at 4 o'clock drove out to
Ox's pit.

The drift above sand (Hamm)
is heavy bluish joint
clay, with pockets of sand,
pebbles & oxidized stuff.
There is no real yellow
joint clay.

Took photos

1- Look E. toward Cox's house
+ cliffs on which
gravel pits are found

2. ~~Heaven~~ ~~over~~

riches fit.

exp. mid

Pro

3-4

Com

Kausen

21-11-19

Co. 422 2nd

upper Grand Saline

Work sample of Kansan
joint clay 3 ft. from base
Photo (546)

Kenn

Kanson

Saw Jim

Summit

open road

2007

Kenneth

Upper ground
Lower ground

Found piece of limestone plate
with glacial markings, suggesting
that this layer had been found
before we came. (see spec.)
The boulders & pebbles in
gravel layers are worn &
rounded, - even where
angular not sharp.

Contents in Kanran -
better granite, greenstone,
red Sioux Quartzite (looking
fresh) etc.

There are also some concretions
(some large) in both
sand & gravel.

9- Look N. of E. Coxs pit
is just above & to right of
top of small tree between
Coxs house & barn.

10- In center of field &
just above the sunflower
is Jake Duhes pit. Looking
S. of E. from same pt.

The wind was westerly,
the sky was a low heavy
it has been all the time.

Spent evening in writing
letters, & packing for trip tomorrow.

Sep. 1 - Tues., 1908

Day very fine, pleasant, almost
no wind.

Started for Orma at 7:05 AM.

Reached Orma in time to
get freight for Tazewell.

Reached Tazewell at 9, & met
Mr. ^{A.B.} ~~Butt~~ at depot.

He has a sand pit up
the gravel valley on N. side
which shows more sand
12 ft. of sand, cross-bedded
beautifully, - coarse sand &
finer gravel above
in streaks. It is identical
with the upper, or sand

layer in
Mo. Valley.

Cox's pit at

there are

also nodules of blue joint
clay, as at Cox's.

Oxidized shales & bands are
also common.

The clay nodules were
evidently rolled into
their funiform, cylindrical
or spherulic form by water
on the old bars ^{and bottoms} and
then covered by other sand,

122 Arctostaphylos Fischer's wood

Rubus major

Ulmus fulva

Salix amygdaloides

Celtis

Fraxinus canadensis

Filix americana

Symphoricarpos occidentalis?

Rhus glabra

Paederia

Parthenocissus quinquefolia

Ribes noveboracense

Corylus americana

Cornus candida?

" paniculata

Acer nigrum

Populus deltoidea

Celtis

Vitis californica

Crataegus marilandica

Rubus argutus?

Rubus argutus (Red)

Prunus americana

123

From on dry ridge a

little canyon can

like creek

/ Photo 1-² Looking NW - across
protected valley

/ Photo 3-⁴ Looking N. from same
point

/ Photo 5-⁶ Looking ~~E. 95~~ at
point in protected valley

/ Photo 7-⁸ Looking SE from
same point

Cut 2 is on top of divide
 & shows 15-18 ft of yellow
 loam - laminated in
 weather points

In new pit picked out
 scattered pieces of *Sp. dentatus*,
 pieces of *Blas.* & a variety
 of fossils

✓ Photo 1 - view of Pacific
 valley looking from Carleton

✓ Photo 12 - view of bluffs
 near Trench.

Add to Trench list
Cervulus tuberosus
Ammonites - small
Actinopteria common

Went back to Trench.

Photo 21 & 22 looking N.

View of pit at Trench

Photo 23 & 24 looking N.

From ridge and down Trench
 show with some of other
 outcrops, little more & both
 sections.

On S. side of divide in the
 bluff & divide are high, but
 they run down toward the valley
 & finally end in short plateau



X = 190 ft
 above sea
 O = 115 ft
 Cut 1 = 50 ft

Northward
 toward
 higher
 hills all
 higher.



collected in Elliott's box

- Phacelium* - *Ancylopus*
- Conium* - *unio*
- Lunaria* -
- Physa* -
- Syringium arbutum*
- Planorbis bicinctus*
- Amnicola* (or *Hydrobia*)
- Valvata tricarinata*
- Planorbis dilatatus*?
- Polygyra*?
- Pyramidea alluvio*
- Lucina obliqua*
- Vallonia* -
- Gastropoda*

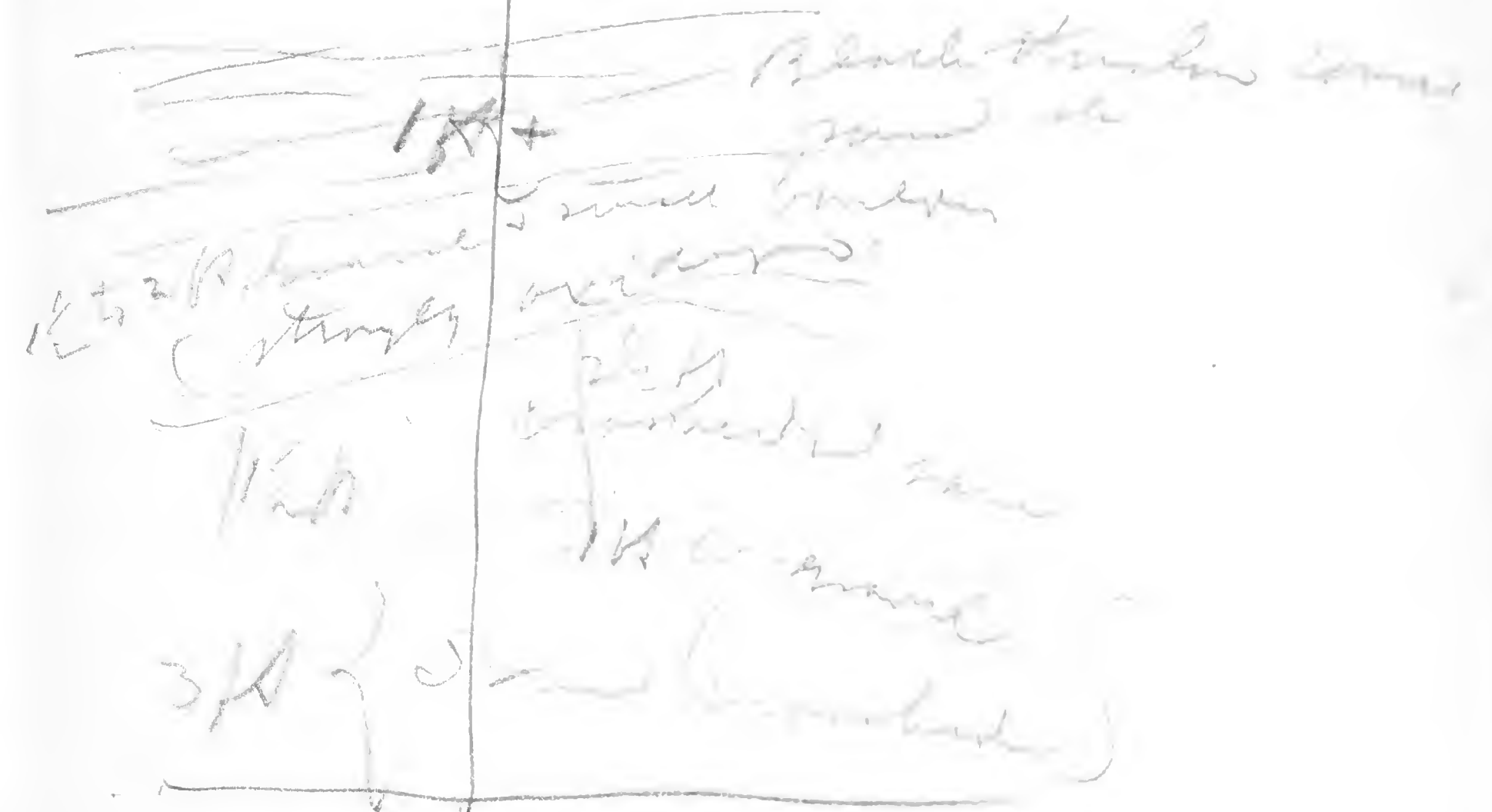
✓ Photo 27028 - Pit
and 2 ft (deeper layer up)



From small piece of
wood found in upper
part of sandy layer (entire
of pit) above at
(NW)

On E. side of pit (along
shelf) this shows

Reddish joint layer
5-6 ft

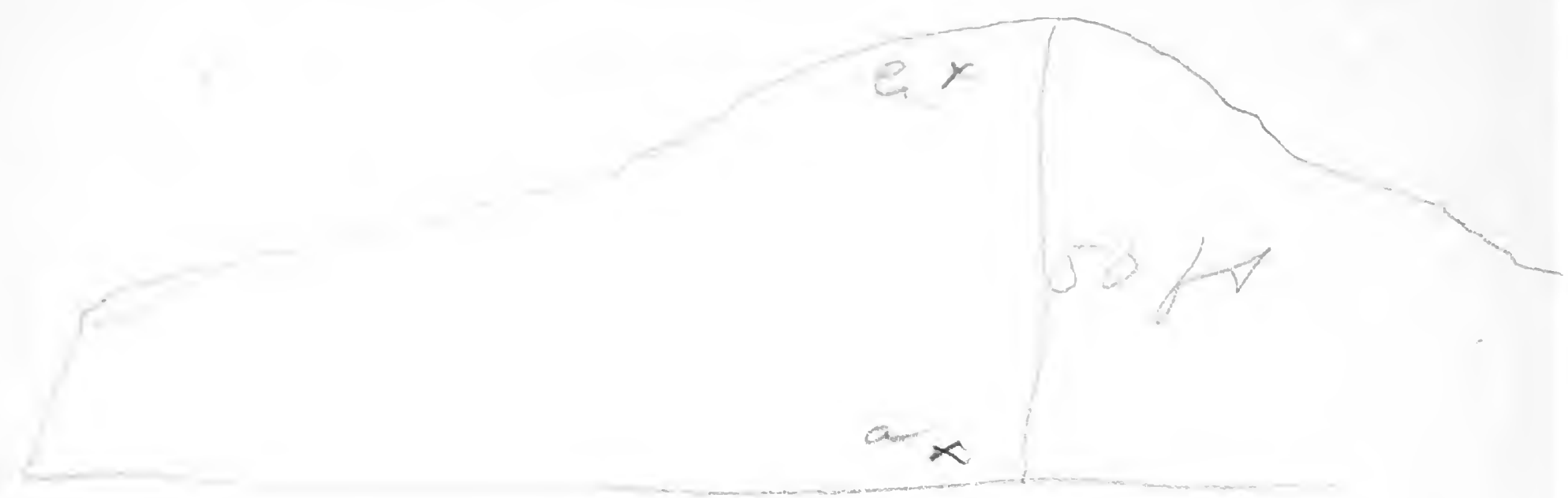


Total exposed sand in
now about 12 ft.

The sand in pit found in
large irregular beds full of
a small (shell) and a
little, probably, however, not flat

126

cut 1 - 2m



all loam

Uppermost loam in part, 2a
3 ft. shows small nodules, 1/4 in
before.

sample (a) 2 ft. above base
(b) 2 in. below top

At 12⁴⁵ started for Eastman.

The road follows about 10 ft
50 ft. above bottom.

In the stretch from Durin to
cut 3 - Kanran drift, ^{or gravel bed} shows in
several places in road. At cut
3 a little loam appears on
Kanran with fossils some distinct

took photo 29 - looking
NW.

127

cut 4 - also on higher point of
road, is irregular, on W. side
road, 5-7 ft. deep, & shows
upper 3 ft (small) nodular loam,
Lower part rather compact
yellow brownish loam without
nodules & few shells. See box.

cut 5 - on W. side

Shows 7 ft of yellow loam
with few small nodules below
& more small nodules above.
No fossils.

cut 6 is smaller 7 ft deep
no shell.

The Kanran limestone is the
main feature which may be seen
for some distance along
against it, - though it

follows contour & is regular
Kanran gravel showing in road
This is right at angle of
on W. side. It is again a
mountain higher point.

That limestone cannot be
seen with the loam beds O.R.

130

The water part is soft, however,
and may be partly overwash
Cut 7 is at next angle. Right
at road (NW side) The bank
& road bed show Kansan drift
only, but away up, probably
75 ft. higher there is quite a
bank of loess due to slumping
& reaching nearly to top. It is
yellow loess.

Cut 8 is a similar slumped bank
of loess, away up near top,
& NW of road.

Kansan drift appears along road

Cut 9. This is far up hill &
is slumped like 2 preceding.

✓ Photo 30 is taken N. of E.

The road is 35 ft above creek
(bridge) & shows Kansan drift (at
this the highest point.)

Cut 9 is — ft. above road
(to base) & is about — ft
high

Drift still shows on slope
well 60 ft. above road,

Base of cut (bottom of base) 131
is 80 ft. above road, cut is
30-45 ft. high, & top of
bank is 165 ft. above road
I found fragments of Union &
a pebble in top & an ancient
cannon. & flint chips

A gravel pit between road
& cut 7 (S. W. of latter) shows
cross-bedding, etc., & is evidently
very good sand, — — — — —
5-6 ft. deep.

Where there is a small
cannon in road to town
it is probably the
Kansan above it.

Points in cut & road
show — — — — —
& side of cut

Saw Honey Lovers
on Maple
blends

Black Locust not
uncommon on banks &
slopes.

5 - Same as (2) p. 22
6 - Looking N. from point to area 1 - p. 22.
7 - same as (6)
8 - Looking NW. from same pt. - across valley,
or up valley - p. 22.
9 - Council Bluffs. W. across narrow - p. 42
10 " " S. into Fairmount - "
11 " " E. & S. from my station. "
12 " " N. & E. " " " " " pocket. "
13 } cut on R. Ave. - p. 43
14 }
15 } Looking N. at cut - 9th Ave.
16 }

Thin

- 1 - Spotted - p. 22
- 2 - Looking S. at wall - (see anemometer) p. 22
- 3 - } up into and along Snyder's hollow. p. 22
- 4 - Same as (3)

17 } Cornish Bluffs - better view of
18 } nodules in end on 9th Ave.

all not marked are D.R.

19 } B. S. ... station 2 - p. 62
 20 } ...

21 } Skipped, " " "
 22 }

23 } Looking up Soldier riv. from bridge
 S. near sec. 28 - p. 64.

24 } good
 thin (just)

25 } Looking up Mo. river from bar W.
 of mouth - p. 64.

26 } O.K. (just)

27 } Mo. bar showing small p. 64

28 } O.K. ...

29 } Looking S. into cottonwood forest. p. 67

30 } O.K.

25 Aug. 25-26
 31 } Sand dune with casia & cottonwood
 & a little Dalea - p. 67

32 } ...

33 } Saw dune & pool.

34 } all not marked are U.K.

1 - Looking E. from Ill. C. R.R. toward cross - Mo. Valley
 2 - " " nearer point " " -

3 } cross pit, looking S. E.

4 }

5 } cross pit (nearer) looking S. of E.

6 }

7 } Looking E. (still nearer) cross
 8 } gravel pit, Mo. Valley.

9 } Looking NE toward cross pit

10 } " S.E. " Dicks "

1 } From Fickens hill - NW. across ...
 2 } valley. 9/1/08

3 } Looking N. from same point,
 9/1/08

4 }

5 } Looking E. of ... forest in

6 } ... valley - 9/1/08

7 } Looking S.E. from same point.

8 }

9 - Maple valley, looking toward Canton 9/1/08

10 - view of ... 9/1/08

11 } Looking N. - view of ... 9/2/08

20 }

23 } Looking N. from river just above

24 } ... (from X), 9/2/08

25 } Sand in pit looking - from

26 } cross bedding - 9/2/08

Box 3 ... (from top)

11412 - Maple, Logan, 9/4/1908

27 } ... 9/3/1908

28 } ... 9/3/08 - p. 128

Returns from Omaha for
supper - Monday, Aug. 24-

Monday 11 -

Tuesday - 11 " dinner & supper

Wednesday - 11 " breakfast

Thursday - 11 " supper

Friday 11 " dinner & supper

Saturday 1 " dinner & supper & laundry

Monday - Had dinner, supper, lodge

Tues - Breakfast

Aug. 25 - Mobile
middleton not used 2.5
Feed - team .75

Aug. 26 - Breakfast 1.25
Lunch - morning .25

Aug. 27 - Lunch 30 Breakfast 5 .35

Aug. 28 - " 25 Breakfast 10 .35

Aug. 29 - " 25 Fare & board .68
Car fare .65

Aug. 30 - 0 (Sunday)

Aug. 31 - Fare & board 9 days 10
Telegram to home 40 .40
Hotel Mobile Aug 24-29 - 6.50

Sept 1 - Fare to Omaha .77
Fare to Mobile .14

Sept 2 - Lunch 25
Castana - lunch 25 .25

Sept 3 - Castana - living lunch 25
Lunch - Castana 25

Fare Omaha to Mobile .77
Omaha - hotel 1.00

Get - Engineering News
220 Broadway, New York.

Aug. 13 - 1908

contains Gurnskey's

article
Exposition from the
Salton Sea

Aug. 17 - Car fare -	.85
Meals Council Bluffs	.70
Hotel	10.00
" 18 - RR fare to Mo. Valley	.43 + .15
" 19	
" 20 - Lunch Richertown	.50
Home beer	.20
Lunch, Mo. Valley	.45
Fri. " 21. Papers ²⁰ Parker ⁵ , box ¹⁰	.35
	9.00
Sat. " 22 - Hotel Union Aug. 18-22 -	
Living, Bremer & Robinson	5.00
Aug. 18-20 -	
RR. to Council Bluffs	.43
car fare	.30
Lunch	.35
" 24 Car fare Omaha	.60

Account closed to

Aug. 24, 1908.

Aug. 7, 1908

RR fare to Burlington	\$ 1.54
Hotel	1.00
Car fare	.10
Return to Iowa City	1.54
	<u>\$ 3.68</u>

Aug. 9, 1908.

Hotel, Iowa City	\$.25
RR. fare to Des Moines	2.41
Hotel	.50
RR. fare to Council Bluffs	2.86
RR. fare to Mo. Valley -	.43

Aug. 10, 1908 (Mo. Valley)

Bottles & corks -	.10
Vials & corks -	.10
Fruit jar ⁵ , glass tubes ¹⁵ , file ⁵	.25
(5 ft. measure (rule) 10)	.40
Note book ⁵ , microscope ⁵	.10

Aug. 12, 1908 (Mo. Valley)

Pins ⁵ , thread ⁵ , cheese cloth ⁵ , rubber tape ⁵	.20
clips ⁵ , ruler ⁵	.10
	.17

Aug. 12 - RR fare to Oregon

Two meals	1.00
Return	.17

Aug. 13 -

Aug. 14 - RR to & from Oregon

Two meals	.34
" 15 - Cork, tubes, bottles	1.00
Car fare ²⁰	.13
Hotel Union	.75

Don't forget to see Smith, uncle

At Dunlap -

Keep with a son on contract

asked Mr. Sam J. Patterson

at Mt. Bank,

{ C.R. Flint - buying will at
Wentworth - at Mo. Valley

W.H. Smith - do 49 -

Chairman of the board

at Lake (shanty) near Dunlap.

On the side of Dunlap

found coal near west.

2 miles - near by

(see section map - Mo. Valley
at Rogers)

at Rogers, Snyder -

at

at

at

at the end of the line

at

at the end of the line

10th
1985

1985
15th

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Nov

375

6.2

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